

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XVI.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1883.

NO. 27

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE are requested to announce CHARLES C. RABOLD as a candidate for Township Collector at the ensuing April election.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

NEARING AN END the Wheeler trial. WHAT will be the verdict of the jury? NIELSON will sing at Springfield on Saturday evening, Feb. 10th. CALL ON Pope & Bro., in opera block, for prepared mince meat. THE DuQuoin coal boom is still on at McClelland's yard. It costs about \$12,000 a month to keep up the Chester penitentiary. THE "Stoan" farm in Hickory township is for sale.

GRAND Army encampment at Danville this week. Danham Post will be represented.

BARGAINS are offered in fine carpets at Abel & Locke's. See them.

Those laprobes and horse-blankets on sale at J. W. Tyler's harness store are dainties.

HATCH & GHO, in another column announce a special cheap sale of goods for two weeks.

LEAVE orders for family groceries at Pope & Bros. grocery store, in opera block.

If you want anything in the boot and shoe line, call on J. W. Baker. He is closing out at low prices. Jan. 30-dawit

SATURDAY forenoon Rev. Harrison will conduct revival services at Mechanicsburg, and on Saturday afternoon and evening he will conduct services at Buffalo.

THE \$30 watch lately owned by G. W. Swick was won by Frank Elwood and Newt Davis in a raffle at Al. Morgan's Palace Exchange last night. The lucky number was 3.

ABOUT March 1st Bro. Jake Hooftstiller and Mr. Beachamp will inaugurate a protracted temperance revival at the tabernacle. Both are splendid talkers and have met with great success in other towns.

THE eloquent Kentucky orator, Hon. Geo. W. Bain, will deliver his noted lecture "To the Golden Gate" at the tabernacle in this city on Thursday evening, February 23d, Washington's birthday anniversary. The admission will be 25 cts.

REVENUE you can get good boots and shoes cheaper at J. W. Baker's than any place else in the city. Jan. 30-dawit

THE Hatches and Ward temperance bombardment at Clinton has ended. A telegram says the agitators stirred the town from cradle to circumference, and captured 1,000 signatures to the red-ribbon pledge. The lecturers will next stir up the people at Kankakee.

A NUMBER of arrests on bench warrants have been effected by the sheriff. Two Macon druggists have given bonds in the sum of \$300 each for their appearance in court from day to day. They are indicted for selling liquor without license.

A WARM dealer in fruit in New York was selling straw berries last week at twenty-five cents each berry, or at the rate of \$10 a quart. They are sold in little baskets holding from four to a dozen berries. Purchased at this rate a bushel would cost \$20. This week the same dealer expects to have peaches which will sell for \$3 each.

PROBATIONER: "Brother Harrison, the boy preacher, is still stirring the negro at a great rate in the city of Decatur. The other night he plucked twenty souls as brands from the burning. Very soon he will run out of material at his present rate, but his figures of a thousand converts do not seem to be overstated. We congratulate the good brother on his success." The Journal is a queer paper. The other day it contained a long article belittling the efforts of the young evangelist.

SATURDAY morning at 6:30 o'clock Mrs. Shropshire, mother of Mrs. William J. Quinlan, of this city, died at Georgetown, Ky., in the 82d year of her age. Mrs. Quinlan started for Georgetown Thursday night, and on Saturday night her husband followed in response to a telegram informing him of the death of the aged lady.

THE remains of Uncle John Phillips, an old citizen of Macon, aged 84, were buried at Macon yesterday. About twenty-five years ago he had his left ankle crushed in the master-wheel of a horse power, but declined to have this foot amputated, and the limb had two running sores. He died of blood poisoning, occasioned by this wound.

THIS forenoon Constable Weitsel arrested Frank Shafer, aged 19, on a state warrant, charging him with participating in a burglary on Dec. 14th, when about \$20 worth of property was stolen from three Wabash cars on the Pekin switch. The Shafer boy was arrested for the same offense a few days ago.

RICHARD DOLAN, of Columbia, Ill., writes: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best tonic medicine I have ever found. I will recommend it."

County Affairs.

The special committee of the county board met on Monday afternoon to consider propositions from parties for the positions of county physician and steward of the poor farm for one year. Propositions for the stewardship were received from the present incumbent, William J. Minge, John T. Reid, Jerome Braden and C. E. Bobb. Mr. Minge's bid was \$900, and the committee appointed him. Mr. M. has been the steward for several years in succession and is considered the right man in the right place. Applications for appointment of county physician were received from Dr. Weyl, Dr. Sibley, Dr. Randall, Dr. Sparks, Dr. Heckelman, Dr. Dawson and Dr. Bridgeman. The committee deferred action until Monday, Feb. 5th.

Found Drowned.

William Tallman, a young man of good repute, who disappeared from his home near Monticello Thursday afternoon, was found Sunday drowned in the Sangamon river, in water two feet deep. He had been unwell some days before, and the supposition is he committed suicide, although it is credibly reported he had been foully dealt with. He was tracked to a spot where he apparently met another person, where a struggle ensued, and where pieces of Tallman's pocketbook were found. Shortly before he had been paid \$250, but most of this he had deposited.

All Plead Guilty.

The following named prisoners, who had previously pleaded not guilty to the offenses charged against them, appeared in court this afternoon and pleaded guilty, as follows:

James Havens, assault with intent to murder.
Edward Smith, larceny.
Charles Williams, burglary and larceny.
Charles Williams, burglary and larceny, pleaded guilty to the second count, not guilty as to other counts.
Matt Woods, larceny.

Judge Smith reserved sentence in each case to another day.

Amusements.

"Saul of Posen," with M. B. Curtis as the drummer, will be given on Saturday evening next, when no doubt the hall will be packed. Mr. Curtis will be supported by a superb company, and a fine and varied lot of properties will be used. Monday evening next Miss Helen Blythe, a promising young actress, will appear at the opera house in "Only a Farmer's Daughter" under the management of Mr. Charles R. Gardner. The play is one which is familiar to the Decatur show goers and Miss Blythe will receive a warm welcome. People from the country will be here in goodly numbers.

HARRISON, the "boy preacher," has stirred Decatur from center to circumference. We have not yet heard that a single newspaper man has been converted, from which we infer that members of the craft in Decatur are case-hardened sinners.—Springfield Journal.

THE above is a fair sample of the digs being fired at the members of the Decatur press gang by various outside newspapers nearly every day. So far as the writer knows, the Decatur scribblers are not at all "case-hardened," and while all of them may not be converted in the full meaning of the word it is taken for granted that they are open to conviction.

CHAS. T. ANDERSON, of Mt. Pulaski, lost a valuable horse recently by his team running away. He had his horses shod and left the shop when they became frightened and ran, throwing Anderson out on the first turn. They then ran four blocks and got on the sidewalk, one horse throwing himself against a picket fence. The picket entered his head about five inches, killing him instantly.

THREE women are making more money this season on the stage than any ten men. It is impossible to get the precise figures, as the pay of performers is so exaggerated, but it is asserted that Patti receives \$4,000 a night. As she is to sing thirty times during her tour through the states, she will therefore receive \$120,000. Nielson will get about \$100,000 for fifty concerts. Mrs. Langtry is said to receive one-third of the gross receipts, and will get about \$75,000.

More Fine Stock.

Messrs. D. W. Breuneman and Eli Breuneman are now at Springfield, Pa., waiting they want to receive three fine draft stallions imported expressly for them by Powell Brothers. These will prove a valuable addition to their already large collection of draft stock.

TWO citizens of Springfield and Peoria fear that Decatur will succeed in capturing the state fair show; and so she will, if pluck and energy and talk and money will get it. Our claims will be formally presented to the state agricultural board on time, and we don't intend to be bluffed by the bulldozing and braggadocio of Springfield or Peoria scribblers.

ARTHUR E. KINNEY has sold 33 feet of ground on Cerro Gordo street, between Main and Water streets, to Lewis McKinnis and Fred Litterer for \$1,000, upon which they will erect additional buildings, put in machinery and engage in the manufacture of plows and chock-rows.

THE HARRISON MEETINGS.

Continued Interest and Big Crowds—The Jubilee

ADDITIONS TO THE VARIOUS CHURCHES.

From Monday's Daily. At the morning service at the First M. E. church on Sunday, Rev. J. P. Dimmitt delivered an impressive and very pointed discourse on "Regeneration," or the personal knowledge of converting power, which was supplemented by a short talk by Rev. Harrison.

THE 900 JUBILEE. The jubilee service over 900 converts was held at 3:30 o'clock, when about 200 united with the church on probation.

REVIVAL SERVICE. At 7 o'clock last evening the doors of the church had to be locked, so great was the crowd that came from every part of the city and from country districts. Fully 500 people were turned away.

The services began without any exhortation by Mr. Harrison. He said he felt and could see that the people were anxious to press forward, and after a short prayer and a few words having special reference to the deep interest manifested, the altar and front pews were vacated. In a few moments there were thirty to forty seekers coming forward. In all there were 56 penitents kneeling, 23 of whom were new converts. During the evening there were about 20 conversions. One of the converts was a young married man whose wife was converted Friday night. He seemed to have a hard struggle, but he pulled through and appeared so happy that he embraced his wife and all his acquaintances. For a time after he had sat down he acted like one in a trance, and to all appearances he was like one completely exhausted. In a short time his aged father and mother stood in front of him, and the son jumped up with a happy exclamation and embraced both as if he had not seen them for a long time. One young lady who had been at the altar 16 times was quietly converted. The usual revival services will be held every night this week, except Saturday. This is the ninth week of the meetings. On Feb. 8th the grand jubilee over 1,000 converts will be held.

This forenoon Rev. Dimmitt's study was crowded with serious men and women who had gone there to talk with the pastor. A brief prayer service was held.

37 ADDITIONS. Communion services were held at the Presbyterian church on Sunday forenoon, conducted by the pastor, Rev. W. H. Prestley. During the service 37 persons united with the church—about 25 by profession of faith.

CHURCH NOTES. Another religious revival was inaugurated in Decatur Sunday night. It commenced at the United Brethren church, there being present a large congregation. Rev. Trueblood is in charge. A very interesting service is reported. Quite a number of persons in the congregation arose for prayers.

The protracted meeting at the Christian church has been in progress for two weeks, and will be continued every afternoon and evening indefinitely. Elder Pinkerton is in charge. The congregation was so large last night that the doors had to be locked to prevent a crush. There have been eight additions to the church in two weeks.

There were 507 persons in attendance at the First M. E. Sabbath School Sunday afternoon.

There was an overflow at the Baptist church last evening, when Rev. C. B. Roberts preached an excellent discourse.

From Tuesday's Daily.

At the afternoon Harrison meeting yesterday, the customary experience service had to be given up for a revival on account of the demonstration of a young married man who was pronounced to be powerfully and wonderfully converted. At the young people's meeting 40 persons arose for prayers. At the regular revival service the exercises were but a repetition of former evenings. The congregation was very large, filling the room completely. There were 45 penitents at the altar and 20 conversions. Rev. Harrison did not take a text. He spoke a few words and then extended the invitation. On Feb. 8th, the day of the jubilee over 1,000 saved, services will be held in the audience room and lecture room, commencing at 8 o'clock in the morning and continuing all day. On the evening of Feb. 7th, Mr. Harrison will probably relate his religious experience and tell about the baptism of fire.

A Sample Letter.

LIBERTY, KANSAS, Jan. 29, 1883. ED. REPUBLICAN:—Enclosed find P. O. order for three dollars for the paper. I have almost forgotten when it was due. We are getting along nicely, happy and content with our Kansas home. We have had some cold weather, but in all had a very pleasant winter and good roads. We do not know what bad roads are in this country. Hoping you are well and doing well, I am, truly yours,

G. W. WAGGONER.

LADIES' solid shoes worth \$1.75 will be close out at J. W. Baker's for \$1.25. Jan. 30-dawit

THE MURDER TRIAL.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF DR. WHEELER—AN IMPATIENT JUROR.

From Monday's Daily.

This forenoon at 8:30 o'clock, Judge Smith presiding, the trial of the case of the People vs. Dr. James D. Wheeler was resumed in the circuit court, there being but a comparatively small number of spectators in attendance. The defendant having told his story on Saturday, was placed on the stand, and he was subjected to a vigorous cross-examination by Mr. Johns for the people. The defendant is a hard witness to twist and in the main he reiterated his statement drawn from him on the direct examination.

THE JURY. On Sunday the jury men took a long walk and visited the coal shaft and passed the day in the court room chatting together and singing Harrison gospel hymns. Many of the jury men are getting tired and want to go home.

SAWED OFF SHORT. This morning while Mr. Johns was cross-examining Dr. Wheeler, and after Judge Smith had told the state's attorney to confine himself strictly to points at issue, Juror McDonald, of Long Creek township, thought it was about time to chip in, and he said he would like to have the trial go on without any further delay, for he wanted to get through and go home. Judge Smith appeared somewhat astonished at such "freshness" and told the important juror that he was running the court and that his remarks were wholly out of place and improper.

The cross-examination of the witness was then resumed.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The cross-examination of Dr. James D. Wheeler, the defendant in the murder case which has been on trial since Jan. 15th, was concluded on yesterday afternoon.

Albert Perry, who now resides in the first ward, testified that Dr. Wheeler visited him professionally at about 10:30 a.m. on Sept. 28th, at the residence of Lon Brockway in the second ward, and that he remained there about an hour. Mrs. Brockway made the same statement to the jury.

Robert Norris, painter, testified that he had known Fred Stommel for five years, and knew that he was in the vicinity of Argenta on the four last days of last August. Witness had a consultation with Stommel on July 31st, but the substance of the talk was not allowed to go to the jury. It was an alleged confession by Stommel to Norris that he had got Miss Risley into trouble, and that he would have to marry her or do something to prevent an exposure.

W. W. Foster, sheriff, testified that he had retained possession of the article entrusted to him by the coroner.

Mrs. John Alloways, who has resided in Decatur 17 years, knew Stella Risley by sight for a number of years. She visited witness at her home during last August. Judge Nelson desired the witness to repeat the conversation that occurred at that time. The prosecution objected, and the jury retired to their room. Then witness, in answer to questions put to her by Judge Nelson, stated for the benefit of the court that Stella Risley had confessed to her that she was in great trouble, and that she was taking medicine; and that she would do a certain thing to be relieved if it killed her. The witness ascribed to each of the 14 questions by nodding her head. The objection of the prosecution to the admission of this testimony for the defendant was sustained, and it was not allowed to be heard by the jury.

The jury returned to their chairs.

Darius Augst, who has lived in Decatur 17 years, testified that he was an expressman. In September last he called at Fred Willis' house with a spring wagon to take a party to the Sangamon river for a picnic. It was early one Sunday morning about 6 o'clock. Knew Stella Risley. She got into the wagon with the other people, and was then in apparent good health. Went to the river in the evening to bring the party home. Miss Risley then said she was not feeling well. She was sitting in a rocking-chair on the river bank at the time with a shawl over her, and appeared to be cold. The atmosphere was chilly in the evening. Miss Risley appeared weak.

Dr. A. J. Howe, professor of surgery in the Eclectic Medical college at Cincinnati, testified that he was a graduate of Harvard College. The gentleman is one of the most eminent physicians of the Eclectic school in the country. He gave expert testimony for the defense, the direct examination being conducted by Judge Nelson.

The defense will probably close their side of the case after Dr. Howe leaves the stand. Then will probably follow rebuttal testimony by the people.

The trial will very likely consume the whole of this week, as the arguments of the opposing counsel are yet to come.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The cross-examination of Dr. A. J. Howe, professor of surgery in the Eclectic Medical College at Cincinnati, in the case of the People vs. Dr. J. D. Wheeler, was closed last evening, after the physi-

cian had been on the stand over 12 hours. His testimony was wholly of a professional nature, and was favorable to the defendant. He came here at the request of Dr. Wheeler, who graduated from the Cincinnati college, and was paid \$25 a day and expenses while he remained here. He was in the city about 15 days. He departed for his home last night.

D. L. Vignas, brother-in-law of defendant, testified that he knew A. T. Risley and Stella Risley. Witness was in Dr. Wheeler's office in January last between the 14th and 20th days of the month when Mr. Risley accompanied by Stella entered and the latter was introduced to the defendant. Heard Mr. Risley state that he wanted defendant to treat the deceased for nasal catarrh.

Dr. B. A. Allison and Dr. H. J. Weyl testified as to the state of the body of the deceased and as to the difference between gangrene and mortification.

THE DEFENSE CLOSE.

After a short consultation between Dr. Wheeler and his counsel, it was announced by Judge Nelson that the defense had presented all the evidence they had to offer.

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

Mr. Johns for the people said he had a few witnesses to give rebuttal testimony.

Fred W. Willis testified that he had met Antoine Arok, the Cook county detective, and had a conversation with him in J. R. Race & Co.'s store in December last. The counsel for the defense objected to witness repeating that conversation, and Judge Smith sustained the objection.

At the opening of court this morning at 8:45 Mr. Buckingham for the defense offered a motion that the People be required to elect on which of the six counts in the indictment they intended to proceed against the defendant at this stage of the case. Mr. B. said there were plenty of authorities to support the motion but he would not ask the court to wait until they were procured. Judge Smith overruled the motion, and the weary-looking jury entered the court room, Indiana file, with Bailiff Harris in the lead and Bailiff McWhinney following close behind Juror McDonald at the rear. After the jury was seated, Don Risley, aged 13, son of A. T. Risley, was introduced by the People to testify. He stated that he had known Dr. Wheeler since Jan. 1882. The objection of the defense to the question put by Mr. Johns, "Did you ever go to Wheeler's office after medicine, and what did you take with you?" was sustained by the court, as were also a number of other questions asked the youthful witness.

Dr. W. J. Chenoweth testified that he was acquainted with the disease of dysmenorrhoea; it is a symptom of diseased condition rather than a disease itself. It never produces death or inflammation.

Dr. Cass Chenoweth testified that he knew of a disease called dysmenorrhoea and of membranous dysmenorrhoea. Have never known or heard of a case of the disease in Macon county. It is never fatal and will not produce inflammation.

Dr. Josiah Brown testified that he knew of a complaint called dysmenorrhoea and of membranous dysmenorrhoea. It is not very frequent. Never knew of any kind of dysmenorrhoea proving fatal. Never read, heard or knew of a case proving fatal or causing inflammation.

A SCENE.

Mrs. A. P. Risley, of this city, testified that she did not show Dr. Wheeler a cloth covered with blood, as stated by the defendant. Questions put to the witness about a syringe alleged to have been found in the sick room were objected to by the defense and they were ruled out. On the cross-examination Mr. Zink asked the witness to state her name before she was married. She declined to answer, stating that she didn't come there to be insulted. The court told her she had to answer, and she said her name was Miss Comming. The witness was then asked if she had ever been in jail or had ever confessed in court to the crime of larceny. This caused the witness to manifest a great deal of temper and wouldn't answer any of the questions until compelled to do so by the court. She answered each interrogatory negatively, and as she left the chair she said something to the effect that she "could hang old Wheeler," and Mr. Buckingham sang out: "You bet you could!"

Dr. J. N. Randall was the last witness. He testified that he had been a physician for 16 years, and that he was a graduate of Harvard. He knew of dysmenorrhoea but never knew or heard of it producing death or inflammation.

State's Attorney Johns here announced the close of the case on behalf of the People, and Mr. Buckingham likewise for the defense.

THE ARGUMENT.

Mr. C. A. Ewing proceeded, at 9:15 a.m., to make the opening argument for the People. He was followed by Mr. Buckingham of counsel for the defense. He is speaking as we go to press. Judge Nelson and Mr. Zink will speak. The closing argument for the People will be made by Mr. Johns.

The case will probably be given to the jury sometime to-morrow.

"Four on Oil."

L. P. Follet, Marion, O., states that he has used Thomas' Electric Oil for burns, and has found nothing equal to it in soothing the pain and giving relief. 30

PERSONAL MENTION.

Wm. J. Magee will have charge of the poor farm for another year.

D. S. Shellabarger has gone to Cleveland to attend the annual convention of the Millers' National Association.

Mrs. Jane Gehr will soon depart for Pennsylvania, to care for a sister who is afflicted with consumption.

Judge Greer writes home from Hot Springs that he is "not only well but gay." He thinks he will return to Decatur on Valentine's day.

Chas. W. Tyler will commence traveling again on Feb. 1st, introducing a fine line of druggists' specialties. He will start out from Peoria.

Geo. P. Hardy, county clerk, who has been confined to his home by illness for several days, is up and about again. He was in his office nearly all forenoon.

Capt. George Dunning has received \$2300 pension arrearage. He formerly resided in Decatur. He is now making his home with Wheat West, his half-brother, at Springfield.

Theo. A. Gehrmann, who has been in Kansas in the interest of the American Vapor Stove Company, of which he is president, favors us by mail with a copy of last Sunday's Topeka Capital.

Will Volker, aged 34, died in Belleville the other day. The deceased lived in Decatur previous to 1872, when he was a barber in the employ of the late Louis Fell. He will be remembered by the patrons of the Fell shop.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Lowrie, of Wheatland township, have issued fine cards of invitation to friends to be present at the marriages of their daughter, Miss Lillie Lowrie, and Mr. Lafayette Logan, of Long Creek township. The ceremony will occur at 5 o'clock on Thursday evening, Feb. 1st.

J. H. Coats, late of Hastings, Sussex county, in the north of England, has recently located at Macon, in this county, where a number of friends whom he knew in the old country reside. Mr. Coats has written to the press of England a number of interesting letters giving his impressions of America. They are not of the Dickens type. Mr. C. will remain in this county.

J. Burrows received a special telegram from New York last evening stating that the steamship "Spain" had arrived safely at Queenstown, Ireland, yesterday. L. L. Burrows, of this city, and Mr. Paulsen, of Chicago, were among the passengers. The "Spain" left New York on Jan. 20th, making the trip over the ocean in less than 10 days.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement of public sale by DeLand & Bowler, four miles southeast of Clinton. The property offered comprises much that is valuable, and should attract the attention of farmers and stock dealers.

THE officers of the American Vapor Stove Company of this city are: Theo. A. Gehrmann, president; Chas. H. Brown, vice-president; H. H. Brown, treasurer and secretary. The company are getting ready for another big trade next season in their superior gas stoves with improved burners. They also manufacture hog rings, window blind and sash tenons, sash cord sockets and joint fasteners for coffins and furniture.

THE Favorite Wagons.

Sensible farmers in Macon county always have their farm and spring wagons made to order by David F. Hamsher, at his brick shops on Wood street in this city. All of his wagons have the celebrated iron felices, a point in their construction and durability which makes them better and more desirable than all other vehicles. And notwithstanding this additional expense, Mr. Hamsher sells his wagons at remarkably low figures on easy terms.

LADIES' fine Rochester shoes worth \$4.50 will be sold at J. W. Baker for \$3.50. He is reducing his stock. Jan. 30-dawit

VERY pretty wall-paper and nobby household novelties are among the specialties at Abel & Locke's.

MARRIED.

In this city, on Tuesday, Jan. 30, 1883, by Elder John W. Tyler, at his residence, Mr. JOHN M. STEWARD and Miss ANNA BELLE MORROW, both of Lake City, Moultrie county, Ill.

DIED.

At Webb City, Mo., on Tuesday, the 23d inst., Chas. Marquis, formerly of Monticello, Illinois. Mr. Marquis has been an honored resident of Jasper county for over sixteen years; he first settled on Spring River, five miles north of Sarcoxie, in 1866. He was a brother-in-law of Harrison Inghart, our county collector, and was buried at Carthage on the 24th by the Masonic Order. Sarcoxie (Mo.) Vindicator, Jan. 25.

The deceased was the owner of a fine farm a few miles north of Monticello. He was well known in Monticello and Decatur.

Near Moavequa, on Jan. 29, 1883, of lung fever, Mark Tolson, aged about 50 years.

The deceased was the owner of a fine farm of 160 acres. He leaves a widow and three children.

KEYSTONE MARBLE WORKS

W. H. CRINDOL,
Dealer in all kinds of
American and Italian

MARBLE!

Finished up by the very best of skilled workmen, in the latest and best style; also,
Imported Scotch and American Granite,

which will be sold at very low prices. Call and examine his stock, designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. HE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

SHOP:
IN THE OLD MASONIC BUILDING,
NORTHWEST CORNER CITY PARK,
March 6, 1879 - wly

HENRY LYON,
DEALER IN

Choice Groceries

—AND—

PROVISIONS,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of staple and fancy groceries, which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

WE ROAST AND GRIND OUR OWN COFFEE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.
Decatur, Jan. 27, 1881 - wly

JOS. MICHL,
WHOLESALE

AND
RETAIL

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacture of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West,"

"NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the cigar business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Money to Loan

At Lower Rates than Ever.

For more particulars, call on me at my office.

FARM MORTGAGES BOUGHT.

W. A. BARNES,
17 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.
Nov. 25, 1882 - wly

Established 1860

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

—AND—

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE

MONEY TO LOAN

We have put in Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those who wish a secure place for their valuables. Mortgage Notes, Insurance Policies, etc.
March 17, 1881 - wly

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT TRADE MARK

READY. An unfailing cure for all kinds of weakness, spermatorrhea, impotence, etc., and all diseases that follow as a consequence of AFTER TAKING.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

Sawing Made Easy.

The New Improved
NOVAE LIGHTING
SAW.

It is the cheapest and best. A boy sixteen years old can use it. It cuts logs, cord and any kind of wood. Send for free trial. Send \$1.00 for the saw. It will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

New Store. New Stock. New Prices.

HARDWARE!

STOVES,

Cutlery,

Tinware,

Tools, &c.

"SPLENDID!"

BASE BURNER.

"DIAMOND" Cook.

"OMAHA" Cook.

HEATING STOVES

ALL PRICES.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS

AT LOW FIGURES

BUILDING HARDWARE

VERY CHEAP.

We want your trade. Come and see us.

Cushing & Weld,

26 East Main-St.,

DECATUR

Decatur, Oct. 26, 1882 - wly

TIP TOP

BAKING

POWDER

TRADE ONLY. For Sale by the Great Trade Mark. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

THE GREAT V. M. MEDICINE CO., HERRICK, N. Y.

On account of counterfeiters, we have adapted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith.

See above, as to the name of the medicine. Put in the Bottle. Dime of Vision. Mature Old Age, and many other diseases, lead to insanity of Consumption and a premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail in the receipt of the money by address.

John Swinton on Lawyers.

In the business of subverting the liberties of our beloved country, I do not dread the soldier with his rifle, nor the conspirator with his mask, nor the fool, the fanatic or the demagogue, nor the king in his regalia, nor the cleric with his tongue, nor the editor with his quill, nor Satan with his horns, nor yet the millionaire with his millions, if they have but a fair field. The man to be dreaded in this republic is the shyster lawyer—legal machinery is the thing of menace and danger. It is in this country especially that the people need to be on the alert against legal quibblers—here where they swarm as they do no where else on the globe, not only in courts, but in Legislatures and their lobbies and in every place of power and greatness. How often, when searching amid the ruins of popular liberties in the countries that once enjoyed them, do we come upon the tracks of the false lawyer? For what oppressor has he not found a legal subterfuge? For what deed of guilt has he not been ready to erect a legal bulwark? Do we not find him with a legal defense for any usurpation of every usurper, with a legal justification for every invasion of every birthright of man, with a legal quibble over every great popular franchise, with a legal plea for every clear word of freedom, with legal pettifoggery against every establishment of right, with a legal weapon for nullifying every victory of progress, with a legal jimmy, as Major Haggerty lately said in the Assembly, to pry open every man's safe, with legal mechanism for tearing out every stone in the fabric of justice, or for raising every pillar in the edifice of wrong. Not a guilty deed has ever been perpetrated by power, not a base treason has ever been hatched against the commonwealth, not a device has ever been set for the subversion of any popular right, but the false lawyer has stood ready to uphold it with argument of false legality. He battered the twelve tables at Rome, he made of no effect the ten commandments of Moses, he stifled the genius of the Magna Charta, and he is now scuttling the Constitution of the United States.

Calamity Jane.

The famous Boomerang has this to say of a buxom Wyoming lass: "A female named Calamity Jane, a character of 1877 and 1878 in Deadwood, who has been living on a ranch for two or three years, is again on the warpath. Her specialty is dexterity with a six-shooter and a poker deck. She is a coquette who meets a foeman worthy of her steel, and will spare no effort to bring him to her foot, taking the risk of getting shared herself in the endeavor. And when she has him there, and his scalp, significantly speaking, is firmly attached to her belt, she loses no opportunity of exhibiting her conquest to her fellow-laborers in the harvest field of flirtation. It is one of the most amusing pastimes of society, but those who go through it without singed wings are decidedly in the minority."

The French Problem.

According to the estimates of our Paris correspondent only 2,000,000 of the 10,000,000 voters in France are genuine Republicans. Of the other 8,000,000 about 2,000,000 are Monarchists and Imperialists, and 6,000,000 are Republicans, Monarchists, or Imperialists, as circumstances make them or as political currents or self-interest may determine. So long as the Republicans are in the ascendant the floating or variable vote is with them, but should Republican Government lose public confidence 6,000,000 men waiting to see which way the cat would jump might easily be subjected to influences that would make them dangerous to the Republic.

On this theory it is not difficult to account for the uneasiness of the Republicans over the presence of the ex-Empress Eugenie in Paris. With Prince Jerome Napoleon in prison and his political adherents making political capital out of the circumstance; with the Bourbons in the South of France waving the white flag of the Old Monarchy; and a panic in financial circles; with the Chamber of Deputies quarreling over the proposition to banish the Orleansist Prince, and the Cabinet in a fair way to go to pieces on a similar question, it was a bad time for the ex-Empress to appear in Paris and occupy the rooms occupied by Louis Napoleon in 1818. Her presence was undesirable, and the President so informed her. She probably knew this as well as M. Grevy, but she awaited the notification for political reasons. She has now done her part to increase the public excitement which Monarchists and Imperialists hope will end in the overthrow of the Republic. But this crisis is not so threatening as was that of January, 1879, when the Republicans, under the leadership of Gambetta, compelled McMillan to resign, and crushed the plots of the Imperialists. What the Republicans need now is a leader like Thiers or Gambetta, and they have scores of strong men in both Senate and Chambers.

A Colony of Neighbors.

In the western part of Douglas and Coles counties and a few citizens of Monticello county, in the vicinity of Arthur, have organized themselves into a society for the purpose of improving and keeping in repair the public roads most used by the members. Hundreds of dollars are raised by subscription and at least one man and team are kept in constant employment in keeping the roads in repair. The organization is extending its field of usefulness and ability, and better and more lasting results are expected. The spirit of road improvement is being awakened among the people as well as among the legislators, and something of importance will surely be done ere another year passes. The subject is in its infancy. It only needs a starter in the way of some good wholesome legislation to get the whole people interested. Ideas concerning road improvement are scarce because it has only recently been agitated and because what is everybody's business is nobody's. They are also many times vague and erroneous. We recently heard two citizens of this county in conversation on the subject. One, well informed, thought the plan of graveling the roads in conjunction with good tile drainage quite feasible. The other, who thought himself well informed, replied that "if every pebble and nigger-head on all these prairies were picked up, it wouldn't be enough to cover a single mile of mud." He forgot that Illinois isn't all prairie and rich soil. There are numerous localities all over the state where gravel in abundance can be obtained and shipped where it is needed. It was stated during the road improvement convention at Springfield that the leading railroads of the state had expressed their willingness to give free transportation to gravel or other material to be used for making roads. We know nothing as to the truth of this statement, but as railroad property would in the end be greatly enhanced in value it is quite likely that advantageous rates or free transportation could be secured on all the railroads in the state.

He Took the Hint.

A sad-faced man, looking as though he had recently lunched off of a cholera epidemic, went into a western newspaper sanctum and remarked: "I hate to speak about it, Mister Editor, but there are some mighty thin things creep into your paper once in a while."

"I know it," said the editor, and there are some mighty thin things creep into a newspaper office once in a while, too, and if you don't skip out pretty quick I'll turn on the sewer gas and blow you through the key-hole."

The man took the delicate hint, and along with it his departure.

One of Bill Nye's Fables.

A small boy was once Chided by his Venerable Grandmother because he Preferred lying abed to going to Sabbath School. "Grandmother," said the Boy, "the Christmas and Santa Claus season having Passed, I have Concluded not to Worry any More About my Immortal Soul's Welfare until just before the School Picnic Season recurs."

If you want mill feed, corn or oats, you can be supplied at Shellabarger's.

Dec. 18 - d&w

The French Problem.

According to the estimates of our Paris correspondent only 2,000,000 of the 10,000,000 voters in France are genuine Republicans. Of the other 8,000,000 about 2,000,000 are Monarchists and Imperialists, and 6,000,000 are Republicans, Monarchists, or Imperialists, as circumstances make them or as political currents or self-interest may determine. So long as the Republicans are in the ascendant the floating or variable vote is with them, but should Republican Government lose public confidence 6,000,000 men waiting to see which way the cat would jump might easily be subjected to influences that would make them dangerous to the Republic.

On this theory it is not difficult to account for the uneasiness of the Republicans over the presence of the ex-Empress Eugenie in Paris. With Prince Jerome Napoleon in prison and his political adherents making political capital out of the circumstance; with the Bourbons in the South of France waving the white flag of the Old Monarchy; and a panic in financial circles; with the Chamber of Deputies quarreling over the proposition to banish the Orleansist Prince, and the Cabinet in a fair way to go to pieces on a similar question, it was a bad time for the ex-Empress to appear in Paris and occupy the rooms occupied by Louis Napoleon in 1818. Her presence was undesirable, and the President so informed her. She probably knew this as well as M. Grevy, but she awaited the notification for political reasons. She has now done her part to increase the public excitement which Monarchists and Imperialists hope will end in the overthrow of the Republic. But this crisis is not so threatening as was that of January, 1879, when the Republicans, under the leadership of Gambetta, compelled McMillan to resign, and crushed the plots of the Imperialists. What the Republicans need now is a leader like Thiers or Gambetta, and they have scores of strong men in both Senate and Chambers.

A Colony of Neighbors.

In the western part of Douglas and Coles counties and a few citizens of Monticello county, in the vicinity of Arthur, have organized themselves into a society for the purpose of improving and keeping in repair the public roads most used by the members. Hundreds of dollars are raised by subscription and at least one man and team are kept in constant employment in keeping the roads in repair. The organization is extending its field of usefulness and ability, and better and more lasting results are expected. The spirit of road improvement is being awakened among the people as well as among the legislators, and something of importance will surely be done ere another year passes. The subject is in its infancy. It only needs a starter in the way of some good wholesome legislation to get the whole people interested. Ideas concerning road improvement are scarce because it has only recently been agitated and because what is everybody's business is nobody's. They are also many times vague and erroneous. We recently heard two citizens of this county in conversation on the subject. One, well informed, thought the plan of graveling the roads in conjunction with good tile drainage quite feasible. The other, who thought himself well informed, replied that "if every pebble and nigger-head on all these prairies were picked up, it wouldn't be enough to cover a single mile of mud." He forgot that Illinois isn't all prairie and rich soil. There are numerous localities all over the state where gravel in abundance can be obtained and shipped where it is needed. It was stated during the road improvement convention at Springfield that the leading railroads of the state had expressed their willingness to give free transportation to gravel or other material to be used for making roads. We know nothing as to the truth of this statement, but as railroad property would in the end be greatly enhanced in value it is quite likely that advantageous rates or free transportation could be secured on all the railroads in the state.

He Took the Hint.

A sad-faced man, looking as though he had recently lunched off of a cholera epidemic, went into a western newspaper sanctum and remarked: "I hate to speak about it, Mister Editor, but there are some mighty thin things creep into your paper once in a while."

"I know it," said the editor, and there are some mighty thin things creep into a newspaper office once in a while, too, and if you don't skip out pretty quick I'll turn on the sewer gas and blow you through the key-hole."

The man took the delicate hint, and along with it his departure.

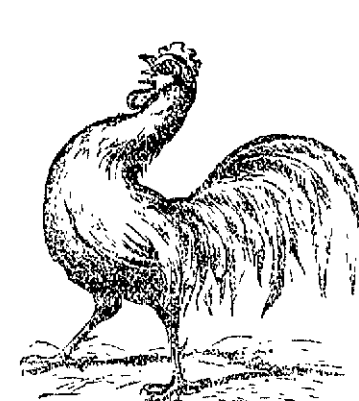
One of Bill Nye's Fables.

A small boy was once Chided by his Venerable Grandmother because he Preferred lying abed to going to Sabbath School. "Grandmother," said the Boy, "the Christmas and Santa Claus season having Passed, I have Concluded not to Worry any More About my Immortal Soul's Welfare until just before the School Picnic Season recurs."

If you want mill feed, corn or oats, you can be supplied at Shellabarger's.

Dec. 18 - d&w

FREE DISTRIBUTION!



Every purchaser of \$5.00 worth of goods, from our large and well-selected retail stock, consisting of

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.

Will be presented with a ticket, entitling the holder to one share in the FREE GIFT DISTRIBUTION of the following

PRIZES:

ONE \$50 HAMMER IRON WEL-
LOE FARM WAGON.
50.00 IN GOLD.
10.00 SUIT MADE to order.
25.00 MAN'S SUIT.
25.00 " OVERCOAT.
20.00 " SUIT.
20.00 YOUTH'S SUIT.
20.00 " OVERCOAT.
15.00 " SUIT.
10.00 BOYS' SUIT.
10.00 " OVERCOAT.
15.00 PANTS TO ORDER.
15.00 ZINC TRUNK.
10.00 MOROCCO VALISE.
10.00 SEWING MACHINE.

ONE \$20.00 BRONZE CLOCK.
from Otto E. Curtis & Co.
jewelers.
15.00 SILVER WATER
SET, from E. D. Barthol
omew & Co.
35.00 SET HARNESSE, from
J. W. Tyler.
22.00 VAPOR STOVE, three
Burner Stand, Hot Water
Tank, from Ferguson Stove Co.
11.00 CHECK ROWER
BARREL FLOUR, from D. S.
Shellabarger & Co.
BARREL FLOUR, from D. S.
Shellabarger & Co.

To be given away March 1st, 1883. Please call and settle your accounts at once and get your tickets.

J. R. RACE & CO.

Jan. 13 - d&w

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.'S

—STOCK OF—

Christmas Goods is Immense!

NEW GOODS EVERY DAY.

Our assortment of SILVERWARE,

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES and

FANCY GOODS is the finest in

the city. Do not fail to see them.

Dec. 21, 1882 - d&w

Du Quoin Coal.

A full and regular supply,

</

THE NEW STREET RAILWAY.

A CHARTER GRANTED, WITH A CAPITAL OF \$25,000.

Secretary of State Bennett has granted the incorporators of the Decatur Street Railway Company a license and charter under the laws of the State to build a street railway in this city, to remain in force for 99 years. The capital stock is \$25,000, and the incorporators are Messrs. D. S. Shellabarger, W. L. Ferguson and Arthur H. Kinney, who with John B. Shellabarger and John H. Brayton constitute the board of directors. The new company intends to build a new and improved street railway line at once, and in another column will be found their form and notice that they will present a petition to the city council on Feb. 5th, asking the right of way and consent of the council to construct their line and lay tracks from the Union depot, west to Front street, south to Eldorado, west to North Water, south to East Main, west to the old square, thence to the New Deering hotel, thence south across the square on South Main street to the entrance to Greenwood cemetery. The directors of the new company have met and elected D. S. Shellabarger, president, and A. E. Kinney, secretary and treasurer. All property owners along the proposed right of way, except one, have given their consent to the construction of the track. The members of the company mean business and will push things lively. They will lay flat rails, put on handsome cars and run them on schedule time.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Decatur and Springfield Galvanic Infirmary.

Decatur office over Post Office. Springfield office over Fleury's Drug Store.

Read what the Drs. Brandom have to say about the Tongue Treatment:

Having heard so much about the wonderful cures effected by means of the Tongue Galvanic Treatment used by Dr. Roe, of the Decatur Galvanic Infirmary, we were induced to investigate the same. After visiting the infirmary several days, and witnessing the rapid improvement of patients who had hitherto baffled the skill of the best physicians of this and other cities, and that to us seemed utterly a puzzle, we were both surprised and delighted to see them completely cured in a few weeks' treatment at this infirmary. We have also investigated the principles of this treatment, and we are fully convinced that it is superior to all other treatment. We have therefore this day associated ourselves with the Decatur and Springfield Infirmary, where we are prepared to treat all forms of chronic disease, such as Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Paralysis, old Ulcers, all Chronic Pains, etc., in fact, we invite all persons suffering with a Chronic Disease of any kind to call and see us and learn our method of treatment and terms before giving up in despair.

Respectfully,
Drs. M. & H. BRANDOM,
Decatur, Ill., Jan. 5, 1883.

Another Candidate.

Mr. Lewis Ludington, of Farmington, De Witt County, is being pushed by the friends of the State Railroad and Warehouse Commission, and his claims will be strongly urged. Mr. Ludington has been in the agricultural business in Illinois for more than a quarter of a century, and has a knowledge of that world eminently fit him for the office. He was a soldier in the Civil War, and two years ago represented the Second District in the Legislature. Mr. Ludington will be represented on the board, Mr. Ludington will probably stand a fair chance of receiving the appointment.

A Novel and Perfect Cure for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Cancer, Etc.

A discovery has recently been made which adds lustre to the scientific Century. It consists simply in an extract from the Red Clover blossom, as extracted by J. M. Leese & Co., Monroe, Mich. It has gone into the business largely to supply the increasing demand. For sale by D. A. J. STONER.

A High Testimonial.

Tipton, Ohio, Jan. 17, 1882.
J. M. Leese & Co., Monroe, Mich.
I have used your medicine for some time and have found it to be a most perfect cure for my wife's chronic rheumatism. I have used it for some time and have found it to be a most perfect cure for my wife's chronic rheumatism. I have used it for some time and have found it to be a most perfect cure for my wife's chronic rheumatism.

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

For advertisement, "Good Morning," is the name of my new 5-cent cigar, and I will say this to my friends: it is the best cigar I have ever had. Five cents a pack. \$5.00 a box.

Feb. 3, 1882-dwlv

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Help along the state fair fund.

Pork & Bacon, in opera block, have a fine lot of fresh mince meat for sale.

Sylvester laprobes and horse blankets, very cheap, on sale at J. W. Tyler's store.

Time annual meeting of the Illinois Press Association will be held at Chicago, Feb. 15, 16 and 17.

Call on J. W. Tyler, south side city park, and see his fine lay-out of laprobes and horse blankets.

Scarlet fever is reported to infest a part of a neighborhood a few miles southwest of the city.

J. S. Christy, Sumner, Lawrence county, Ill., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is giving great satisfaction."

Family groceries in great variety at Pope & Bro's popular store in opera block.

The annual meeting of the Illinois Dental Society will be held in Decatur next spring. The society will be in session three or four days.

If you have any broken victrols, do not throw them away but hunt up some suffering family to give them to. There are plenty such in our city.

In March next the J. R. Race & Co. donation drawing will take place. See list of prizes on first page.

Tim Carver grocery store, in opera block, has changed hands. The present owners are J. M. Stookey and Mr. Penwell.

Those beautiful lace curtains and lampreans at Abel & Locke's are greatly admired by the ladies.

Livestock: \$18,900 flouring mill at Farmer City has been destroyed by fire. It is believed the mill was set on fire.

Mr. M. B. Thomas has purchased an interest in H. W. Panton's clothing store. In a short time the firm will be known as Panton & Thomas.

If you are in favor of the location of the state fair in Decatur, come down cheerfully and liberally from the committees call upon you. Every little helps.

Before purchasing carpets elsewhere you should call at Abel & Locke's and examine their immense display.

The office of the Commonwealth Mutual Fire Insurance Company is now located in the new Masonic Temple, second floor, first door to the right of the landing.

As exchange says the troupe of singers who sold Wizard Oil and gave concert on the public square last summer, while crossing a wagon bridge in Northern Tennessee a few days since, in their wagon, broke through, and the entire party was killed, including their fine horses.

The Methodist revival services at Mt. Zion were closed on Tuesday night. During the protracted meeting, which was conducted by Rev. Powell and Rev. Hillyer, there were 18 conversions and 20 accessions to the church.

Rev. Storzen, a Baptist minister, has been conducting a series of very interesting meetings at the Salem church in the Old neighborhood, 5 1/2 miles southwest of Decatur, during the past ten days. Tuesday night four persons held up their hands for prayers.

It is stated that Rev. M. E. Wheeler, who was pastor of the German Lutheran church at Mason for nearly three years, has disappeared mysteriously. His family reside near Nokomis, in Montgomery county. A son of the missing clergyman, who has not been heard from since November, was at Mason this week in search of information that will locate his father.

The annual meeting of the Associated County, Township and District Farmers Mutual Insurance Companies of Illinois was held at Springfield on Tuesday. Secretary E. J. Roberts, Joshua Green and Capt. T. H. Barr, of this county, were present and served upon several of the committees. E. J. Roberts was re-elected secretary and treasurer; H. H. Slosson, of Will county, president, and John Prickett, of Fulton county, vice president.

Tim destructive fire near Illinois, Tuesday morning, is spoken of as follows by a correspondent: "The large and beautiful farm residence of G. R. Leeds, four miles north of Illinois, was burned to the ground this morning. The building was valued at \$5,000 and the furniture at \$1,000. It was insured for \$2,000 and the furniture at \$300, in the Phoenix insurance company. They saved nothing of any importance. The fire originated in the kitchen flue, and was under great headway when discovered by Mr. Leeds at 5 a. m. The neighbors called, but it was too late to save the building and contents. Mr. Leeds has the aid and assistance of his neighbors."

Every day Rev. Bristol, the pastor of Trinity Methodist church at Chicago, is informed of the nightly revival work at the Harrison meetings, and even the names of some of the converts are sent the Chicago minister. Mr. Harrison will go to the sinful city after his labors in Decatur are concluded.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, which has a branch society in Decatur, organized thirty-two new divisions during the past year; making a total of 195 subdivisions in good standing, and during the same time the sum of \$110,057.56 was paid to the families and relatives of deceased members, and to members who were rendered unfit for employment through railroad accidents. During the past fourteen years \$1,285,934 has been paid out of the insurance benefit fund of the society.

THE MURDER TRIAL.

More Testimony for the Defense in the Dr. Wheeler Case.

From Thursday's Daily.

Before Judge Smith and the jury in the case of the People against Dr. J. D. Wheeler, yesterday afternoon, additional testimony was offered, going to show that the defendant's reputation for chastity, uprightness and medical skill while a resident of Montgomery county for over 20 years was good.

John Dineen, who was coroner of this county in October last, testified that he held the inquest on the body of Stella Risley, and gave points connected with the post mortem examination which are not disputed.

Frank Graves was placed on the stand to show the alleged bitter feelings Mrs. A. P. Risley entertained toward Dr. Wheeler, but on objection being made by the People, Judge Smith sustained the objection. The defense, for the purpose of impeaching Fred Stommel, called James Newell, John McDonald, Fred Jones and Peter Sells to the stand. These parties were asked if Fred Stommel had not made certain statements to them about Wheeler after the defendant's arrest. The witnesses were not allowed to answer, Judge Smith holding that such evidence should not go to the jury.

Virgil Hickox, the stenographer in the case, was sworn. He testified specially as to the statements made by Mrs. Terhune to the court about Stella's dying declarations during the absence of the jury. The object of the defense was to show that Mrs. T.'s statements at that time differed in some respects to those made by her to the jury after the court allowed the admission of the testimony.

Sister Osita, of St. Mary's Hospital, testified that she was born in Wartburg, and had been in America for about three years. She knew A. T. Risley. Sae was called to his house on Oct. 3d to take care of Stella. She remained two days and one night, and went back again on Thursday morning. Was at the house on Friday and Saturday and left on Sunday morning, Oct. 9th, and did not go back. Stella was in bed most of the time witness was there. She said she felt much better on Oct. 8th, and got up and watered flowers in the room while witness rearranged the bed. Saw Dr. Wheeler the defendant, visit Stella while witness was there. Mrs. Risley, the mother of the girl, would remain in the room with the doctor when he called. The witness also testified to having seen an instrument on the floor that looked like a syringe. Never saw it used. At the bidding of the doctor and the girl's mother, witness had brought them warm water.

Dr. W. J. Chenoweth, who is a graduate of the Medical University at Louisville, and has practiced medicine in Decatur for 28 years, gave expert testimony for the defense. He was on the stand for several hours yesterday afternoon, and the cross-examination still continues. While the direct examination of the doctor was in progress Jacob Ballard, of the undertaking firm of Radcliff & Ballard, was placed upon the stand to testify as to facts connected with the case. Mr. Ballard testified that on the evening Stella died he was called to the house, and by means of a hollow probe 1 1/2 inches in length he injected fluid into the lungs and abdomen of the deceased. That evening he injected a pint of the fluid, and the morning of the next day he injected a half-pint. Witness stated that the body was clothed and bloated, and that he thought the probe entered the body about one inch and a half above the navel. The injecting instrument with the rubber attachment was in the hands of the witness, who demonstrated the manner in which it is used. Witness injected the embalming fluid on Tuesday night and Wednesday morning, and on Thursday the post-mortem examination was held.

Dr. Chenoweth was again placed on the stand, and gave expert testimony that is certainly not unfavorable to the defendant. The cross-examination of Dr. Chenoweth was resumed this afternoon. Other physicians will be introduced by the defense.

From Friday's Daily.

The cross-examination of Dr. Chenoweth by the prosecution in the case of the People vs. Dr. J. D. Wheeler was concluded on yesterday afternoon. And as the case of Cook county, testified that he had a conversation with Fred Willis about the Wheeler case in December. He had some years of experience as a detective and had come here to hunt up testimony for the defendant. He had his expenses paid and received \$250 a day. He came to Decatur at the solicitation of a friend.

Dr. L. H. Clark, of Decatur, testified that he had known Dr. Wheeler for eight years. During the latter part of last September witness had loaned the defendant his horse and buggy to take away a woman from in front of his office. Saw the woman walk over the pavement without assistance. Noticed nothing peculiar in her manner.

Sister Patricia, of St. Mary's hospital, testified to having attended Stella Risley at her father's home during her illness. The witness stated that on one occasion Mrs. Risley and Dr. Wheeler were in Stella's room together for 15 minutes while witness was absent.

Thurston M. Keyes, of Decatur, and Elijah Woodman, of Raymond, testified that they had known the defendant for many years and knew his general reputation to be good.

Dr. M. S. Wheeler, of Auburn, Ill., a

brother of the defendant, gave expert testimony for the defense.

The cross-examination of the witness was concluded this forenoon, and Dr. J. H. Smith, of Chatham, was placed on the stand by the defense. He was followed by Dr. G. W. Caldwell, of Zanesville, who also gave expert testimony for the defense. Dr. Howe, of Cincinnati, who has been in the city since the trial began, will give expert testimony for the defendant.

From Saturday's Daily.

THE DEFENDANT ON THE WITNESS STAND TELLING HIS OWN STORY.

After Dr. G. W. Caldwell had retired from the witness chair in the circuit court on yesterday afternoon, the defendant in the case of the People vs. J. D. Wheeler, was called upon to testify in his own behalf. The substance of his statement is given below:

Dr. James D. Wheeler, the defendant, testified, in response to interrogations made by Judge Nelson: Have practiced medicine for about 25 years and am 49 years old. Graduated from the Eclectic Medical Institute, Cincinnati, in 1870, but had practiced medicine before that time, commencing at Zanesville, Ill., in December, 1858; was not married then, but was wedded Jan. 10, 1860; my first wife died in the fall of 1874 I married my present wife. Lived at Zanesville and at Raymond continuously from 1858 to 1880, except during the time I attended the institute; practiced medicine at Zanesville 16 years, and have not engaged in any other business since 1858; have made my living by practicing medicine; have been a member of the Illinois State Eclectic Medical Society since 1871; was for two years president of the society, and for three years vice-president; am an honorary member of the Missouri Eclectic Medical Society. I removed from Raymond to Decatur in July, 1880, and have frequently been called to the old neighborhoods of Zanesville and Raymond to attend patients, sometimes as often as two or three times a month—not so frequently of late. Was acquainted with Estella Risley, the deceased, during her lifetime; first met her on Jan. 17, 1882, when she came to my office in company with her father, A. T. Risley, who introduced her to me. Mrs. Risley stated that his daughter had been treated by Dr. W. H. Walters, but as he had moved away he had selected witness in place of Walters. The father desired me to examine Stella; I did so, and discovered that she had nasal catarrh, and her tonsils were inflamed; gave the girl medicine from Jan. 17 to May 26. She came to my office repeatedly; prescribed for her and sent her medicine by messenger; Stella's brother came after medicine for her once. At the middle of February I made a physical examination of the deceased. She said she desired it and that her mother thought it ought to be done. Told Stella to go home and I would come to the house. Did so, and that afternoon met Mrs. Risley and was introduced to her by the daughter. At that time Stella spoke of her condition and said she had suffered intensely and that Dr. Walters had treated her for leucorrhoea; I made a physical examination of Stella in the presence of her mother, and found that inflammation of parts existed. Deceased called at my office twice a week until May 24, and did not treat her again until Sept. 10. Never gave her any letter or writing on paper except prescriptions. The witness denied having met Stella at place described by Fred Stommel. Saw her on Sept. 30 at my office, when she spoke about her health, complained of catarrh and pains in the head. Saw her again in my office on Sept. 15, when she complained of leucorrhoea; said it was worse; gave her medicine and next time saw her in my office on Sept. 25; she did not remain longer than fifteen minutes. Said she had been to a picnic and was afraid she had caught cold; said she felt like she was going to be sick; told her to take medicine I had already given her, and at my suggestion she left the office to go home. I went down stairs a few minutes afterward; found Mrs. Risley on pavement; she came to me and said she was in bodily pain. I got Dr. Clark's buggy and took her home but did not go in the house with her. Told her to go to bed and to keep quiet. Witness denied having walked with deceased and talked with her on the streets. He had met her once when returning from visiting a patient, and stopped once at the house and talked with her in the presence of the family.

Upon the reassembling of court this morning, the direct examination of the defendant was resumed. He told his story in a quiet way, without any show of nervousness whatever. He testified: I never walked with Stella on East North street at any time, day or night. After taking her home in buggy on Sept. 26 I returned to my office and visited Long Broadway's dwelling professionally and was there an hour. When I returned to office I found A. T. Risley there. He said Stella was suffering very much. This was about 11 o'clock. Got some medicine in office and drove to home of Stella; found her suffering a good deal. Her hands and feet were cold. Had bricks heated for her; said she appeared to have congestions and I had taken cold. I treated her for dysmenorrhoea. Witness here described his treatment of deceased with a syringe in presence of Mrs. Risley and Mrs. Loring. Stella was a patient who would make a great fuss over a small thing. After four or five days from time Stella was taken sick I suggested having counsel. Made the suggestion on Oct. 10, and told the family that deceased was not so well, and if they would feel better satisfied to have counsel that it would be satisfactory to me; said they could have whoever they wanted. The mother said they were satisfied. Mrs. Risley once told me of Dr. Walters treating her. Witness entered specific denials to testimony given by members of the Risley family as to his conduct with the deceased while she was sick, and that he never told Mrs. Risley to leave the room.

Was present at post mortem examination. Everything was in readiness for the investigation when I arrived. Dr. Bumstead first spoke of the hole, and he measured it. Dr. Walston remarked that that

was no evidence that Wheeler did it, and spoke of how a doctor might be imposed upon. I then remarked, "No, gentlemen; this is the first I knew of this." I had a consultation with Mr. Risley immediately after the post mortem. He spoke of a letter being given to me during the last of the girl's illness. I said there was and that I did not know what was in it; that it was sealed; and that if he would come to my office some time I would tell him all about it. The girl had asked me to mail a letter for her. It was taken out of a wash-stand and handed to me. I took the letter and mailed it. Did walk with Miss Risley on Eldorado street once. She overtook me on Water street. I was going to the depot to see Mr. Keyes at the time. We parted company at F. L. Hays' corner. She went north and I went to the depot. The instrument was produced which the prosecution had given in evidence. Witness said: I never had this instrument at Risley's house, or used it there. I had it made intending to utilize it, with a purpose of seeing what I could make of it. Don't believe much in patenting such things. It was not finished as I intended; wanted to have a bolt put on it; put it in a drawer used as a deposit for instruments. Fred Stommel never delivered a letter to me from Miss Risley in answer to one written by me. I never walked with Miss Risley at any time but the case spoken of on Eldorado street. Had a conversation with Fred Willis in basement of Race's store, and told him that Stella was worse, and that if she didn't get better soon she would die. He said, "I know you (Wheeler) would counsel." That instrument has never been used for anything. Never used any instrument in treating Miss Risley but the speculum, the syringe and the dilator. Miss Risley told me in my office on Sept. 25 that she felt like she was going to be sick; that she had been out to a fishing party and thought she had taken cold. Her mother spoke of this, too, at the time.

The first I knew of anything strange in Miss Risley's condition was communicated to me by Willis in basement of Race's store; that was the first day of Stella's sickness. First met Mrs. Risley on Feb. 10. I treated Miss Risley for nasal catarrh, leucorrhoea and dysmenorrhoea—for dysmenorrhoea after Sept. 26 to Oct. 10. Had no suspicions of her alleged interesting condition during the whole time. Did not treat her criminally, and made no wounds. Had no agency nor knowledge of any criminal act.

The direct examination of Dr. Wheeler was completed soon after 11 o'clock, when Judge Smith ordered that court adjourn until 8:30 o'clock Monday. The people will then cross-examine the defendant.

A QUIET WEDDING.

MARRIAGE OF MR. GEORGE STROHM AND MISS GESSIE READ.

From Friday's Daily.

The marriage of Miss Gessie Read, late of Brockville, Ontario, and Mr. George W. Strohm, of Endicott, Nebraska, occurred last evening at 5 o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hagerman, on Water street, in the presence of a few of the more intimate friends of the contracting parties. The Episcopal ceremony, which united the hearts and hands of the young couple for life, was spoken by Rev. C. B. Roberts, pastor of the Baptist church. The bride wore a handsome cashmere traveling suit, and after congratulations were extended, a tempting wedding supper, which had been prepared under the direction of the bride's sister, Mrs. Hagerman, was dispensed by the company. The groom, as is well known, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Strohm, of this city. Since he retired from the grocery business in opera block, he has located permanently at Endicott, where he has engaged in the general merchandise and real estate business. Mr. and Mrs. Strohm departed for their new home in the west last evening, taking with them the warmest wishes of their friends for their future happiness and prosperity. Below is a list of the gifts:

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Read, mother and father of bride, one dozen solid silver teaspoons and one dozen silver forks, with initials handsomely engraved. Mr. and Mrs. N. Hagerman, elegant shawl and shawl pin. Mrs. John Strohm, Queen Anne marble top walnut bed room set. John Strohm, \$100 in gold. Ed. Strohm, \$50 in gold. Anna D. Strohm, China cup and saucer. Emma Strohm, alarm clock. Lily Read, of Brockville, Canada, one dozen damask towels, and one dozen linen napkins. Flora Read, of Brockville, Canada, pair gold lined salt spoons. Joe McJellan, beautiful pair vases in silver stands. Jennie Randolph, silver pickle caster and fork. Mrs. S. Morey, of Brockville, Canada, pair damask table covers and satin and lace antimacassar. Mrs. Robert Sheppard, of Brockville, Canada, silver center. Mr. and Mrs. Randolph, handsome white bedspread. Miss Kearns of Brockville, Canada, hand-painted satin and plush panel. D. Bradley, glove box. Ethel and Mabel Hagerman, their own photographs in plush frame. Will Lewis, handsome carving knife and fork. Elegant silver fruit dish from a friend. Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Patterson, beautiful silver

and silver.

Temperance Flasches.

Decatur charges \$500 for license and has 21 saloons. Rockford \$720 and 22 saloons; Bloomington \$900 and 33 saloons; Paris \$800 and 6 saloons; Elgin \$700 and 15 saloons; Danville \$100 and 10 saloons. There are over 1,000 saloons in Chicago, and yet they pay only \$12,000 yearly tax.

Mr. Underwood, proprietor of a large packing house in Chicago, says he is compelled to hire an extra night watchman for \$1,000 a year, pays \$300 a year for extra day services to keep off his premises the vicious and drunken tramps who visit the groceries in his vicinity; also that an employe while drunk burned up \$1,200 worth of lard, scalded himself to death, and that he had to bury him at an expense of \$100, and then the saloon keepers presented a whiskey bill of \$13 and were mad because he refused payment. That is, the whiskey business cost him last year \$2,600.—E.R.

300 CARDIGAN JACKETS.

Cardigan Jackets of all kinds at 25 per cent. below jobber's prices. Must be sold in the next two weeks, at Decatur's One-Price Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Establishment, corner of old square. dec4-d&wtf

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Trimmer, at the Mount farm, three miles north of the city, on Thursday evening, Jan. 25, 1883, by Elder Gregory, Mr. THOMPSON K. NORRIS and Miss CONA TRIMMER.

A company of about twenty-five couples witnessed the interesting ceremony and partook of a sumptuous wedding repast. The young couple, who have many friends, were the recipients of a large number of gifts, among which were the following:

Japanese wall bracket, Mrs. Maggie Trimmer; three toilet pieces and crystal pickle dish, Anna Trimmer; Pickle custer, Frank McKinley; preserve stand, Dut Miller; crystal butter dish, Anna Miller; crystal butter dish, J. L. Miller; crystal fruit dish, Mr. and Mrs. Hirsch; silver pickle caster, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Blume; silver butter dish, Jennie Cunningham; silver butter knife, Doc Holman; silver cake stand, Mollie Henry; majolica butter dish, S. A. Noble; glass sugar bowl and cream pitcher, Fannie McKinley; pickle basket, Annie Campbell; crystal preserve dish, Annie Brett; ornamental marriage certificate, Elder Gregory; hat rack, L. C. Holman; pair of towels, Lucy Noble; pair of towels, Becky Rine; dozen napkins, Linn & Scruggs; bedspread, Lou C. Hopper; dozen napkins, Frank Brett; two pairs of towels, Mr. and Mrs. Sol. Moritz; pair of towels, Laura Williamson; tablecloth, Celia Noble; tidy, Eva Holman; folding rocking-chair, Bright and Harry Durfee; twenty-six yards of carpet, father and mother of bride; centre-table, father and mother of groom.

PERSONAL MENTION.

E. S. Hutchins, who has long been in the employ of H. B. Lewis, will soon start out on the road in the interest of a Decatur furniture house.

Rev. C. S. Smith, formerly pastor of the African Methodist church at Bloomington, has commenced the publication of *Our Sunday School Review*.

Ex-Gov. R. J. Oglesby is fifty-eight years of age. Senator Cullom is fifty three and Senator Logan fifty-five.

Wm. Traver and family have returned from a very pleasant trip to Florida. Mrs. Traver, whose health has not been very robust, is much improved by the trip.

Miss Dollie Millikin, who has been at Leipzig, Germany, since last summer, writes home to her parents weekly. She is receiving systematic instructions in instrumental music.

Richard Harkness favors the REPUBLICAN with a copy of the *Sherbrooke Gazette*, printed in the Province of Quebec. Good wood sells at only \$1.50 per cord in Canada, and buy at \$10 per ton.

G. F. Kimball, formerly editor of the defunct *Decatur Sun*, is now at Lawrence, Kansas, publishing a daily and weekly paper called the *Head Centre*. Until recently Mr. Kimball was engaged in the publishing business at Sedalia, Mo.

Charles Radbourne, of Bloomington, who believes he is the best wing shot in the world, and who issued a challenge to that effect the other day, backed by \$1,000, has found a man in Victor Glodo, of Fountain Bluff, Ill., who says if Mr. Radbourne means business he will give him satisfaction.

Bloomington *Pentagraph*: Rev. Albert P. Graves, who is at present engaged in the revival meetings now being held in the Baptist church, is quite a noted man in his calling. He has been traveling as an evangelist since 1836, and is also a professor and teacher of Christian holiness, having entered the experience in 1869, since which time he has been preaching the doctrine and promoting the experience in the churches. He is the author of a book entitled, "From Earth to Heaven," and it is held in high regard by the holiness people, and the book abounds in incidents setting forth and confirming the doctrine of Christian holiness.

A \$450 Trick.

Another swindle was recently developed in Indiana, and is as follows: A plain looking elderly man, representing himself as a wealthy farmer, goes into a community ostensibly for the purpose of purchasing land. Having found a farm that suits him, he agrees with the owner upon the price and pays down \$50 to bind the trade, while he goes into a neighboring county for the balance of the purchase money. After he is gone another land buyer presents himself and offers an advance of \$1,000 on the purchase price. A compromise is then made with the first buyer, the farmer paying him \$500 to release him from his contract, and patiently awaits the return of the second, who never comes. The farmer is out \$500 and the swindlers are \$150 ahead. This trick has not been played in this county so far as known, and therefore it is all the more necessary that our farmers should be on the watch for the sharpers who are always abroad in the land.

RICHARD DOLGARD, of Columbia, Ill., writes: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best tonic medicine I have ever found. I will recommend it."

35

JAPANESE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS. Plain, white and solid colors, suitable for holiday presents, at Decatur's One-Price Clothing and Merchant Tailoring House, corner of old square. dec4-d&wtf

Just Received.

New and handsome carpets; also an elegant assortment of embroideries, at Linn & Scruggs. Jan. 29, d&wtf

OUR PRICES are THE LOWEST, and our stock is the Largest, Newest and Best Come and we will prove it. Sept-d&

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—
Dolmans, Sacques

—AND—
ULSTERS!

—ALSO IN—
**Fancy Winter Dress Goods,
BLANKETS, FLANNELS,**

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

LINN & SCRUGGS.

**Dry Goods, Carpets, Wall-Paper
and Upholsterers' Materials.**

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The Closing Out Sale

Winter Clothing

AT
**JOHN IRWIN'S
CONTINUES.**

Overcoats and Winter Suits

SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST!

No Misrepresentation. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JOHN IRWIN,

WHITE FRONT, POST-OFFICE BLOCK.

Jan. 25—d&wif

SPECIAL CHEAP SALE

For Two Weeks Before Invoicing.

WILL MAKE SPECIAL PRICES ON ALL GOODS

**CLOAKS, DOLMANS, SHAWLS and WINTER
MILLINERY at half value.**

Large Lines of HAMBURG, SWISS and NAIN-
SOOK EMBROIDERIES just received. New and
beautiful styles.

All go into the Cheap Sale for two weeks. Now
is the best time to buy. Remember

S. C. HATCH & BRO.,

20 East Main St., Powers' Block.

Jan. 29—d&wif

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Mr. Hayes,
who was president of the late Tariff
Commission, said to-day the bill pre-
pared by the Ways and Means com-
mittee of the house should become a
law.

"It is the best tariff I have ever
seen, and their revision of our re-
port has been just what the commis-
sion itself would have done had they
had the time to put upon it. We
sacrificed ourselves knowingly, in
order to get the report in upon time.
Much of it had never been read
in proof and it was impossible to ex-
pect it could be perfect. In fact, we
knew it was not perfect; but we de-
cided that rather than take the time
for its revision we would report it to
congress as a basis for their work.
The Ways and Means Com. have
gone over it until it is as nearly per-
fect as it can be made. Our report
should not be adopted as a whole, as
was suggested; there are flaws in it
which are apparent now, but which
we could not detect in the
short time we had it under con-
sideration. Its publication and criti-
cism by the country has brought out
many things which have assisted the
Ways and Means Committee in the
consideration of it. This has been
an immense benefit, of which we had
no advantage. Indeed, we never
intended our bill to be made a law,
but simply to be an auxiliary to con-
gress for its legislation. So far I
think our text has answered the
purpose for which it was intended,
and has justified the expectation of
the gentleman who made it."

Setting the Table.

A clean, tastefully laid table is to
the appetite what clean polished
windows are to the soul; it lets in
something to cheer and strengthen.
How much better water tastes from
a clear, polished glass. The tin tea
and coffee pot bright. The edges of
the dishes free from dabs of food
they contain, and all articles on the
table, spoons, salt-collars and castor
full of salt, vinegar and pepper, so it
is not necessary for somebody to
jump up from the table every few
minutes to supply the need. This is
both annoying to the company and
bad manners, besides exhibiting one's
lack of forethought, planning and
execution.

It gives a visitor the impression
that they are causing a great differ-
ence in affairs; in short, it puts them
under a feeling of obligation, and I
know from experience, seems as if
we've disturbed the whole household
element. Otherwise when the table
is set there seems nothing to do but
eat, chat and laugh. Order is heav-
en's first law, and reaches the high-
est and lowest point in civilization,
yes, living; for without it enjoyment
and improvement are deductions.

Do Not be Deceived.

In these times of quick medicine ad-
vertisements everywhere, it is truly grati-
fying to find one remedy that is worthy of
praise, and which really does as recom-
mended. Electric Bitters we can vouch
for as being a true and reliable remedy,
and one that will do as recommended.
They invariably cure stomach and liver
complaints, diseases of the kidneys and
urinary difficulties. We know whereof
we speak, and can readily say, give them
a trial. Sold by Hubbard & Swearingen.

You can get men's fine shoes (Lilly,
Brackett & Co.) at J. W. Baker's for
\$4.50; sold at other stores for \$5.50.
Jan. 30—d&wif

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

The Closing Quotations at W. W. Moore's Com-
mission Room, at 1 p. m. To-day.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.
WHEAT—\$1.02 1/2 Jan; \$1.02 1/2 Feb; \$1.03 1/2 Mar;
\$1.03 1/2 Apr; \$1.03 1/2 May.
CORN—55 1/2 Jan; 55 1/2 Feb; 55 1/2 Mar; — Apr;
55 1/2 May.
OATS—37 1/2 Jan; 37 1/2 Feb; 37 1/2 Mar; 37 1/2 Apr;
\$17.34 Feb; \$17.34 Mar; \$18.10 Apr;
\$18.10 May.
LARD—\$10.07 1/2 Jan; \$11.10 Mar; \$10.22 1/2 Apr.
UNION STOCK YARDS.

HOON—Estimate receipts, 14,000; shipments,
238; light box, \$5.00 (240); mixed, \$6.15 1/2
\$6.50; heavy, \$6.15 1/2; cattle receipts, 4,500.
CAR—Wheat, 71; Corn, 68; Oats, 87;
Rye, 11.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.
WHEAT—Jan; \$1.15 1/2 Feb; \$1.15 1/2
March; \$1.19 1/2 April; \$1.21 1/2 May.
CORN—Jan; 68 1/2 Feb; 68 1/2 March; 68 1/2
April; 67 1/2 May.

TOLEDO, Jan. 31.
WHEAT—\$1.05 1/2 Jan; \$1.06 Feb; 1.08 Mar;
\$1.10 1/2 April; \$1.12 1/2 May.
CORN—54 1/2 Jan; 54 1/2 Feb; — Mar; — April;
54 1/2 May.

DECATUR MARKETS

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 1, 1883.

The following are ruling retail prices:

Red Wheat flour, per 100	\$3.50
White " " "	\$3.75
White " " "	\$3.75
White " " "	\$3.75
Butter, per pound	.15
Eggs, per dozen	.25
Turkeys, per bushel	.50
Cabbage, per bushel	.25
Sugar, per pound	.10
Coffee, " "	.10
Tea, " "	.10
Lard, " "	.15
Bacon, sliced, per pound	.15
Bacon, breakfast, " "	.15
Hams, per pound	.15
Dried beef, per pound	.15
Apples, per bushel	1.25
Onions, " "	1.50
Hard, per ton	\$8.25
Soft, " "	8.00
Decatur, " "	8.00
PAVING PRICE.	
Wheat, per bushel	.42
Corn, " " "	.33
Oats, " " "	.45
Rye, " " "	.45
Hay, prairie, per ton	8.50
Hay, Timothy, " "	8.00

THE CRIMINAL CODE.

JUDGE SMITH'S SUGGESTIONS SUBMITTED
TO THE SUPREME COURT.

In compliance with the requirements of
the constitution, Judge O. B. Smith, the
presiding judge in the Wheeler case, has
submitted his opinion regarding the ne-
cessity of certain amendments to the pre-
sent criminal code and one section of the
jury law of this state, to the honorable
judges of the Illinois Supreme Court.
He writes that the changes suggested
should be made at the earliest practicable
moment, and says the administration of
the criminal law in this State has become
under the present statutes and the ex-
treme and unreasonable technicalities
which bind the courts, a mockery and a
farce. As the law now stands the Circuit
Courts are powerless to afford the people
protection against the avalanche of crime
and criminals which is now overrunning
the country.

Below are the amendments suggested:
1. Section 431 of the Criminal Code,
making juries the judges of the law in
criminal cases, ought to be repealed. This
section invests the jury with absolute ju-
dicial power, and places them beyond the
reach and control of the court, where they
see fit to acquit. In that event the peo-
ple must submit to the consequences of a
mistake in the law resulting in acquittal.
In case the jury mistake the law in con-
victing, then they are not allowed to de-
cide the law finally for themselves, but
the court in that event interferes and ne-
gates its authority to judge of the law.
Under the practice and decisions the jury
shall be the judges of the law if they will
acquit the defendant, but if they will not
acquit him then they shall not be the
judges of the law, and the courts will re-
view their action and correct the mistakes
of law.

Again: The judges are compelled, un-
der the decisions, to instruct the juries as
to what the law is, and then, in the same
breath, tell them they are the sole judges,
and that they are not bound by the in-
structions of the court and may disregard
them.

Again: This section is plainly and
manifestly in violation of Article VI Sec-
tion 1 of the Constitution, which confers
judicial power alone upon the courts.
The statute takes it away from the court
and gives it to the jury. I am strongly
impressed with the belief that this law
ought to be repealed.

2. The law compelling the people or
the defendant to admit the absolute truth
of the facts set up in affidavits for contin-
uances in criminal cases ought to be
changed and placed on the same footing
as affidavits for like purposes in civil
cases, and allow the party against whom
the affidavit is made to admit that the ab-
sent witnesses, if present, would swear to
the facts set out in the affidavit, and then
allow the other party to contradict the
facts or the testimony if they can, pre-
cisely as they would have the right to do
if the witness was present. Under this
privilege criminal causes are delayed from
term to term for no other purpose than to
delay the trial.

The statute providing for changes of
venue in criminal cases should be radi-
cally changed. As the law now is, the
oath of the most infamous criminal, sup-
ported by two of his own kind, (and that
is the class that always supports his affi-
davit, and they always swear they are re-
spectable), is esteemed more worthy of
belief than the oath taken by the judge.
He is allowed to impeach the judge and
render him unworthy to hold his commis-
sion, at least for that case, and this, too,
without stating a single fact or circum-
stance upon which he bases his charge
against the judge. Neither the judge (so
unjustly attacked in 99 cases out of every
100), can resent the insult nor contradict
the charge, nor the people, who are to be
defeated in their claims, be permitted to
protect themselves. The power thus
given defendants, in connection with
their other privileges of continuing cases
at their will, makes that class the masters
of the situation, and places both the peo-
ple and the courts completely in their
power, and enables them to elude the
claims of justice to almost an unlimited
extent. The matter ought to rest in the
discretion of the court, subject to review
and correction for its abuse.

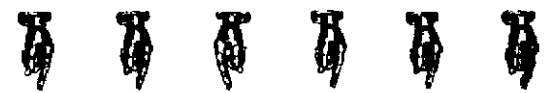
3. Section 14, of Chapter 28, entitled
jurors, ought to be repealed, and a sub-
stitute adopted. There are too many
causes of peremptory challenge.

1. Not being a member of the regular
panel, and that he is of a single case
within a year, is cause of challenge. The
object of this statute was to get rid of
professional jurors; but while it prevents
one of that class from sitting, it also pre-
vents twenty good men from sitting. In
the course of a year a very large number
of the best men in the county are casu-
ally called up in court to try a single case,
and so when important criminal causes
are called, all the defense has to do to get
rid of this class is to show they served
once in the year. It is a very bad pro-
vision and ought to be stricken out.

2. "Or that he is a party to a suit then
pending for trial." This provision is ut-
terly frivolous, and is another shift to get
rid of good men on the jury without any
reason.

3. But under the last proviso of that
section, providing that opinions formed
from reports of reading newspapers
(about the truth of which he has ex-
pressed no opinion) shall not qualify, etc.
is the chief source of mischief, and delay
in procuring jurors. The proviso defeats
all that was intended to be corrected by
allowing persons who read and form
opinions to be excused. The practical
experience under this clause shows that
almost all men who take newspapers and
read

do form some opinion,
and if the case is an aggravated one, do
almost universally talk with some one
about it, and express some kind of an
opinion. This class of jurors come al-
most exclusively from the more intelli-
gent class of people, and yet they are
daily driven out of the jury box by the
worst criminals, for no other reason than
that they read and have sense enough to
form an opinion and express themselves
to other people. This limitation upon
the right of the best men in every county
to sit as jurors is a most unjust and un-
reasonable one, and is directly in the in-
terest of the criminal class. This provi-
sion alone frequently involves an impor-
tant criminal trial the calling of from 100
to 400 jurors at an enormous expense to
the people and great delay to other busi-
ness. I most earnestly recommend and
urge the propriety of the legislature cor-
recting this law.



We will offer during January, to
close out, an OVERSTOCK of the
following goods:

100 dozen 1847 Rogers Bros' Silver
Plated Knives at \$3.50 per dozen.

100 5-Bottle Triple Plated Casters
at \$2.75.

50 Quadruple Plated Butter Dishes,
bail handles, covers hang up, at \$4.50;
never sold less than \$5.50.

50 Quadruple Plated Cake Baskets
at \$4.00; never sold less than \$5.00.

Also 1847 Rogers Bros' Forks,
Spoons, Etc., at equally low prices.

PLEASE REMEMBER WE ONLY
OFFER THESE PRICES DURING
JANUARY, and all these goods are
the same high standard of quality we
always handled.

Come in and buy what you are
going to need in this line for the next
year. It will pay you.

Respectfully,

O. E. CURTIS & Co.

Jan. 2—d&wif

POSITIVE

Sacrifice Sale

**CLOAKS, DOLMANS,
Ladies' Walking Jackets,**

MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S

CLOAKS,

LADIES' AND MEN'S

**UNDERWEAR;
Blankets, Bed Comforts, Hosiery,**

—AND—

ALL WOOLEN GOODS

AT --

HALF PRICE!

We also offer WONDERFUL BARGAINS in
DRESS GOODS, BLACK and COLORED CASH-
MERE, SILKS, VELVETS, HOUSEKEEPING
GOODS of every description, MUSLIN UNDER-
WEAR, SKIRTS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
FLANNELS, CORSETS, and FANCY GOODS
and NOTIONS.

CHEAP STORE.

Big 18

J. W. RACE, Assignee.

The Weekly Republican.

Published at the post office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

John B. Lyon & Co., a heavy board of trade firm of Chicago, filed a bill in the circuit court on Monday against about a dozen other firms, alleging the defendants conspired to corner January corn, by means of which conspiracy the price of corn has been raised 15 cents above its actual value. The bill asks defendants to be enjoined from calling on complainants for margins or re-purchasing for their account, when the margins are not put up. The suit is brought to test the statute, which provides that all contracts made with parties running a corner shall be void. Lyon & Co. are short nearly two hundred thousand bushels of corn sold at 40¢/50¢. The suit caused much excitement on 'change, and markets were depressed for a time.

Gustave Doré, the French painter and designer, whose death is announced, was better known to Americans than any other foreign artist of this generation. He was an indefatigable worker, and one of such marked individuality that what he did carelessly had a charm not easily definable. It is a noteworthy fact that his designs illustrating "The Wandering Jew," which first attracted public attention to him in 1856, still hold their place in popular favor. Among the people at large Doré is best known for his illustrations of Tennyson's idylls, his designs for Dante's "Inferno," and his illustrations for the Bible. But artists give higher rank to the earlier works that made him famous.

In a recent lecture on the education of women, delivered in San Francisco, Dr. Clinton Cushing is reported to have said, among other things, that the schools of the country are to be blamed for the ill health of many women. Children should not be restrained; their animal spirits should have full vent. Girls are naturally more studious than boys; they attend more closely to their books. A girl will do more to please a teacher or a parent than a boy. Up to the age of twelve, boys and girls are remarkably alike. About that time there is a change. The nervous organization of the girl then begins to assert itself. Nothing should be done to check its development. From about the age of ten or twelve, for the next six or seven years, the change from girlhood to womanhood occurs. In this period school books and cares should not crush the spirit of the girl. She should not be allowed to attend school more than six months in the year. In the other six months she should have plenty of sunshine and outdoor life, and be instructed in the important mysteries of bread making and house-keeping. The struggles of the system of examination and promotion should be discontinued. And there is much food for reflection in Dr. Cushing's suggestions.

The New York Tribune says Gov. Pattison begins badly. The New York Times declares his first acts are most disappointing, and repeats the declaration of the Philadelphia Times, which was his most vigorous supporter in the recent campaign, to the effect that he has committed political suicide. As these Republican organs kicked over the traces and did their best to defeat General Beaver, they should try and see what is good in Gov. Pattison before wholly condemning him. It may occur to these valiant papers that the suggestion of "political suicide" is too personal to themselves to be mentioned flippantly.

Wisconsin has no death penalty, and the people are divided as to the propriety of dispensing with capital punishment in all cases. Maine has the same law but the legislature is reported to be favorable to a restoration of hanging as a legal punishment for murder.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER, of Springfield, says of Senator elect Cullom: "No, he's not a great man. He'll never set the world on fire. But if it were on fire he'd put it out." It is in order to remark right here that Mr. Cullom once came near putting Mr. Springer out—of Congress.

A VILLAIN GONE.

Hanging of Traughber at Taylorville.

The Crime for Which He Died.

(Special to the REPUBLICAN.)

TAYLORVILLE, ILL., Jan. 26. George W. Traughber was hung at 12:40 o'clock this p. m. to-day, in the jail at this place. Death was caused by strangulation. The execution was witnessed only by the persons permitted by law to be present. The gallows upon which he was hung was the same that did duty at Clinton last spring, when Patsey Devine was executed. Everything passed off quietly.

THE CRIME.

The crime which Traughber expiated with his life was as atrocious, cold-blooded and unprovoked a murder as was ever committed. On the 28th day of October, 1881, Jas. McKinney, a peaceable and law-abiding citizen, respected by all who knew him, living in the northern part of the county, left his home in the afternoon to go in search of hands to aid him in carrying on the work of his farm, little dreaming when he bade his wife and babies good-by that he would never again look into their loving faces. After securing the help he required, he started on his return home. When almost home he was overtaken by the two ruffians, who, without a word of warning, shot him down like a dog, robbing a wife of a loving husband, three small babies of an affectionate father, and making that happy and cheerful home dark and desolate.

Not returning home, his wife, thinking he was delayed on business, retired for the night, not apprehending any wrong and never dreaming of the terrible news the morning would bring. Mrs. McKinney arose early the next day and proceeded to do the chores around the house. On entering the stable she discovered the horse that he had ridden the day before. Seized with alarm and apprehension, and fearing that some accident had befallen him, she mounted the animal and rode down the lane, and before she had proceeded a mile she came upon the body of her husband lying in the road cold and stiff in death. The alarm was given immediately, and soon a crowd of neighbors assembled at the scene of the murder and a search was made to obtain some clue to the perpetrators of the heinous deed. Their efforts were crowned with success, and before noon of the 29th such a strong chain of circumstantial evidence was connected that George W. Traughber and Charles C. Myers were arrested as the murderers. Indignation and excitement rose to fever heat, and it was with great difficulty that the officers saved them from being lynched by the exasperated mob. At the inquest with the dead body of their victim before them, they testified that they were innocent, and knew nothing about it. They were indicted and at the two terms of court succeeding were granted continuances. At the last November term of court they petitioned for a continuance. This was denied. Traughber then withdrew his plea of not guilty and entered a plea of guilty, and all of the evidence, and also their own statements, show that there was no provocation, but that they fondly murdered the man simply to satisfy their thirst for blood.

Joy, Joy to the World.

If you meet a man who looks as if he had lost all his friends, had his house burned down and business destroyed, just make up your mind that he either has dyspepsia or his liver is out of order. The best thing you can do for such a man is to advise him to go to Dr. A. J. Stoner's drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Stoner's Red Clover Tonic, which will cure him without fail. Also an infallible remedy for pimples and blotches on the face. Only 50 cents a bottle.

Our new FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF CLOTHING is now ready for inspection. You are cordially invited to call and examine. CHAS. CHAMBERLAIN, Manufacturer of Fine Clothing.

Go to your druggist for Dr. A. J. Stoner's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds. Directions in English and German. Price 25 cents. May 23, 1882—dewitt

Our Prices are THE LOWEST, and our stock is the Largest, Newest and Best. Come and we will prove it. Sep. 7—dewitt CHAS. CHAMBERLAIN.

Drop in on us informally at any time. We are always at home, and promise you before hand a hearty welcome. CHAS. CHAMBERLAIN.

Leader of the Clothing Trade. Sep. 7—dewitt

HOLIDAY GOODS, consisting of fine silk handkerchiefs, silk suspenders, silk scarfs and silk plush ties, at Decatur's One-Price Clothing and Mercantile Tailoring House, corner of old square. dec14-dewitt

SHELLABARGER'S patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread in the pound than any other flour sold here. dec14-dewitt

\$20,000 WANTED

TO INSURE THE LOCATION OF THE STATE FAIR IN DECATUR.

From Thursday's Daily.

A very enthusiastic gathering of citizens was held last evening at the office of Montgomery & Saul, in Powers' block. Mr. J. R. Race was chairman of the meeting. The room was crowded, there being present among others, Mayor Waggoner, D. W. Brennenman, J. R. Race, H. H. Bishop, M. G. Patterson, Dr. John Boyd Braden, W. B. Harry, Jas. Keefe, A. T. Hall, John R. Miller, A. S. Waltz, D. O. Corley, F. R. Shull, J. G. Cloyd, Joseph Mills, S. S. Jack, R. R. Montgomery, M. B. Thomas, Otto E. Garis, Frank Priest, A. E. Kinney, L. L. Haworth. The special committee, composed of Brennenman, Mills, Patterson, Miller and Thomas, made a report that it would take \$20,000 to place the fair grounds in proper shape to meet the specified requirements of the state agricultural board, and that after a careful estimate of the value of the old materials on the grounds it was considered that they were worth about \$4,000. After some discussion an executive committee of five was appointed to proceed at once to raise by subscription \$20,000. The members of the committee are Messrs. J. R. Race, D. W. Brennenman, L. L. Haworth, H. W. Waggoner, M. B. Thomas.

Decatur's chances for securing the location of the State Fair here for two years are represented to be more promising than those of any other city in the State, because it is stated that the president of the State board and other influential members of the same have expressed themselves as favoring this point, not only for two years but as the permanent place of holding the fair. The State board will meet on Feb. 13th to decide the location question, and hence it is of vital importance that our citizens set at once and contribute liberally toward raising the required amount. This is a matter in which business men, farmers and all others whose interests are at stake, should be concerned. That Decatur is the most central point in the State for holding the fair cannot be denied. We have superior railroad facilities, beautiful grounds pleasantly and conveniently located. The boom has commenced in earnest. Now let everybody put his shoulder to the wheel and help swell the fair fund.

MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. A meeting of the Executive committee was held at the County Treasurer's office at 10 o'clock to-day. All the members were present. M. B. Thomas was selected as secretary of the committee. The following were appointed as a SOLICITING COMMITTEE:

For the City—Mayor Waggoner, J. K. Warren and W. W. Foster.
Austin Township—Andrew Hawkeyard, Wm. H. Parker;
Blue Mound—Thos. Moffett, Thos. Taylor;
Friends Creek—Samuel Weaver, T. H. Barr;
Hickory Point—Jacob Hanes, V. Barber;
Harristown—J. H. Pickrell, L. C. Allen;
Hilli—J. T. Cloyd, D. B. Batchelder;
Long Creek—J. O. Jennings, John E. Jones;
Marion—A. Stoughtonborough, John Happer;
Macon—R. H. Woodcock, J. B. Brennenman;
Mt. Zion—Mar. Williams, Wash Smith;
Milan—J. A. Moser, Asa Means;
Nimrod—Thos. Pritchett, C. A. Hall;
Oakley—Capt. Grayson, Geo. Peck;
Pleasant View—Peter Seiberling, J. B. Becklett;
Whitmore—Jas. Latsinger, Robert Kirby;
Wheatland—John Ward, Al. Hopkins.
Railroad Committee—John Ulrich, D. S. Shellabarger, W. B. Chambers, R. R. Montgomery and M. F. Kazan.
These committees will act at once and report progress at a called meeting of citizens.

THE other day the REPUBLICAN stated that Henry Flood, of this county, had plenty of good seed corn, but it appears there is a famine of this indispensable article over in Champaign county. Says the Champaign Gazette of this week: "Some of our best farmers are beginning to realize that there will be trouble in getting good seed corn when planting time comes. We have never known a season when the cob was green and full of moisture when real hard, freezing weather came, that the germ was not injured. It is not safe to assume, because an ear of corn looks well and is now dry, that it will grow. Sometimes under very favorable circumstances, poor seed will grow; but he is a poor farmer indeed who will knowingly take his chances of losing his crop by using poor seed. In some adjoining counties farmers have clubbed together and sent to Kansas for seed. This is better than taking chances."

Griggs' Glycerine Salvo. The best on earth can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salvo, which is a sure cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner. April 3—dewitt

SOME new patterns of suitings just received at Decatur's One-Price House. Perfect fit and satisfaction always guaranteed by Fleury, the French Cutter, corner of old square. dec14-dewitt

SHELLABARGER'S Patent Process Flour retains all the nourishment contained in the wheat. None of its virtues are wasted. Try it. dec14-dewitt

Closing Sale

—OF—

WINTER

Millinery Goods!

—ALSO—

NOTIONS,

LADIES'

Furnishing Goods

Infants' Cloaks,

Woolen Hoods, Hosiery,

Ladies' Knit Underwear,

Germantown Yarns, Zephyrs,

Saxony and Cashmere Yarns.

I Will Great Bargains

FROM THIS DAY TILL THE

FIRST OF FEBRUARY

In order to reduce our stock before stock-taking, please call and see me. I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD IN ANY OF THESE GOODS BY ANY OTHER IN DECATUR.

MRS. K. EINHSTEIN

28 East Main-St.

Jan. 1—dewitt

Korsmeyer & O'Neill,

Prairie St., two Doors East of Post Office, Decatur, Illinois.

Offer this season the

BIGGEST BARGAINS

Breech Loaders!

EVER HEARD OF.

Having contracted early last winter for our stock of Guns direct with the manufacturers, we were obliged to order in very large quantities in order to get them at regular jobbers' prices. Our Guns are therefore made to our own order, and we are now enabled to sell

First-Class Custom Made Guns

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Thus saving to our Customers

FROM 20 to 30 PER CENT.

which would otherwise go into the pockets of the jobbers. Come and examine our stock and prices before purchasing; it will pay you. Send for price list.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING

Done promptly, and warranted. Repairs fitted up with hot and cold water fixtures and the latest improved Self-Regulating Steam Heating Apparatus. Also, agents for the WHEEL FIRE CLAY COMPANY'S GLAZED SEWER PIPE. Jan. 1—dewitt

WOMAN'S

Private Sanitarium.

Conducted by the Sisters of the St. Francis Hospital.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

A home for women afflicted with Chronic Diseases, or for those who may require surgical operations of any kind.

It is pleasantly situated, in a grove of forest trees, on the lot east of the Sister's Hospital; is well ventilated and furnished with every convenience.

MYCLASS IN ATTENDANCE.

Dr. W. J. Chenoweth, Dr. C. Chenoweth.

Dr. A. R. Shull.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

Eleven private rooms, including attendance of nurses and medicine, from \$7 to \$10 per week, according to accommodation required.

Medical or surgical attention extra, and is charged to patients at regular rates.

For further information address

WOMAN'S PRIVATE SANITARIUM, 111

Sept. 12—dewitt

RUDOLPH FAAS,

GUNSMITH!

1st door south of Hardy's livery stable office, DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

GOOD STOCK OF GUNS,

NEW STOCK, LATEST PRICES.

Accepter and aug. where else in the city.

GUN REPAIRING AND SEWING MACHINE REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE.

All work warranted. Give me a call. Dec. 22, 1882—dewitt

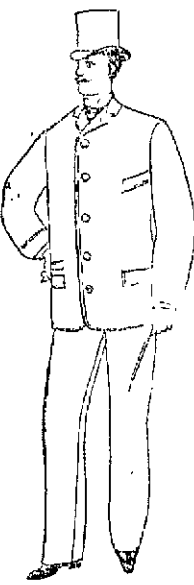
SAMARITAN

CURES AND

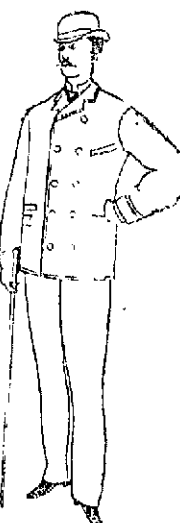
NEVER FAILS.

Nov. 22—dewitt

Sensational Advertising!



We do not believe in Sensational Advertising. We will not practice it, nor do we think it judicious. The public do not care to read clap-trap announcements, which, when tested, fail in fulfillment of all but promises.



B. STINE, the Boss Clothier

makes no pretensions by announcing, in flaring advertisements, that he is giving goods away, but admits like every honest dealer ought to, THAT HE IS MAKING A LEGITIMATE PROFIT, and will continue to do so on all FRESH SEASONABLE GOODS, for which we pay cash at all times. Past experience has shown us that the public in general would rather pay a profit, especially when the same articles are cheaper with the profit than others who claim to sell at cost and below.

To the trade, who wish to investigate the matter, we would say, LOOK AROUND, POST YOURSELF, AND AFTER YOU GET THROUGH COME AND SEE

B. STINE, the Boss Clothier.

The explosion of the theory as to selling goods at cost, below cost, and giving them away, shall not do you a bodily injury, as there will be no gunpowder used.

Jan. 19, 1883—dewitt

EVERYBODY GOES TO

C. B. PRESCOTT'S

For the World-Renowned

Haines Pianos!

AND—

WESTERN COTTAGE ORGANS,

Because they know them to be the LEADING INSTRUMENTS OF THE WORLD.

100 ORGANS,

To be Closed Out in Ninety Days, at LESS THAN

FACTORY PRICES. Now is the time

to place your orders.

An Immense Stock of SMALL INSTRUMENTS,

SHEET MUSIC and MUSICAL MER-

CHANDISE generally, at

PRESCOTT'S CITY MUSIC STORE

Nov. 29, 1882—dewitt

GEORGE P. BLUME

THE OLD DECATUR DEALER'S

SEWING MACHINES AND SUPPLIES,

—THE—

DOMESTIC!

WHITE,

—AND—

OTHER MACHINES.

—10—

OFFICE—Last door in Opera Block, one door north of my old office, and directly opposite Masonic Temple. Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

Nov. 21, 1882—dewitt

LOW PRICES FOR Boots and Shoes!

Believing that it does not pay to carry goods over from one season to another, I have always made a Clearance Sale between each season, and as a consequence my stock is the newest in the city.

And in order to sell all my winter goods before my New Spring Stock arrives, I will sell everything in the Boot and Shoe line at lower prices than the same quality of goods was ever before offered in Decatur.

To old customers I would say, come again; to others I would say, come once, and you will be sure to come again, if good, serviceable BOOTS and SHOES, at low prices, will satisfy you. Call and see me.

Men's Fine Shoes, (Lilly Brackett's) Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes, sold at A. Co.'s, sold at other stores for \$3.00, will be sold at J. W. Baker's for \$2.50.

Men's Fine Shoes, sold at other stores for \$3.00, will be sold at J. W. Baker's for \$2.50.

Men's Working Shoes will be sold at J. W. Baker's for \$1.50, and Men's Boots for \$2.00 that other dealers will ask from \$3.00 to \$4.00 more.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
J. W. BAKER'S,
18 East Main-St.

Cash Prizes \$200 Cash FOR EVERY 50 CENTS

1st, \$100.00.
2d, \$50.00.
3rd, \$30.00.
4th, \$20.00.

WILL BE GIVEN AWAY BY
Irwin & Priest,
DRUGGISTS,
JANUARY 5, 1884.
"Our Drug Store,"
DECATUR ILL.
IRWIN & PRIEST.

A SWEEPING REDUCTION

Will be made on all Goods
Sold Between Now and March 1st

This Holds Good in Every Department.

**CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS,**

**Furnishing Goods,
Trunks, Valises,
and Suits to Order,**

Sold at Reduced Prices in the
**ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,**
Corner Old Square and Main Street.
FLEURY, the French Cutter
Jan. 4, 1883-d&wt

L.A.I.D. TO REST.
Death of a Niece of Mayor and Mrs. E. W. Waggoner at Pueblo.

In the columns of the Pueblo (Colo.) Chief of Jan. 23, we find the following account of the funeral of Mrs. W. H. Hyde, niece of Mayor and Mrs. E. W. Waggoner, whose death occurred on Jan. 21st at Pueblo, Colo., in the 30th year of her age. She became a member of Mr. Waggoner's family when she was about five years of age, and lived in Decatur until 1869, when she went west. The Chief says:

Laura S. Loy was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, the 20th of July, 1853. She was married to William H. Hyde December 1st, 1872, at Beaver Creek, this county, by Rev. J. H. Merritt, formerly of this city. She died January 21st, 1883, mourned sincerely by all who knew her, and leaving a once bright and happy family circle broken and desolate. The bereaved husband has the sympathy of the entire community in this terrible affliction. The three little children, too young now to realize the extent of their loss, will only appreciate it the more as they grow older.

The funeral services were held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. H. B. Gage officiating. The daughters of Rebecca of the L. O. O. F., of which order Mrs. Hyde had been a member, attended the obsequies in full regalia. The pall bearers were Messrs. J. C. Lathrop, Jacob Palmer, J. D. Henry, G. Q. Richmond, E. J. Castle, H. M. Morse, J. J. Lambert and A. Martz. A choir of ladies and gentlemen, led by Mr. Benson, took part in the funeral services.

The deceased lady, her work well done, was laid to rest in a beautiful casket lined with similar. A beautiful floral cross contributed by Mrs. E. P. Fish, a wreath by J. D. Henry, a flower basket by Mrs. J. C. Lathrop, and a crescent of flowers by Mrs. Thaler, were sweet and fragrant mementoes from sympathizing friends.

A very large concourse followed the remains to the cemetery, and after appropriate ceremony all that was mortal of a true, pure heart was laid at rest in the silent grave. Words are idle to express the sorrow poured out in tears around that grave. It was a sad, unutterably sad, funeral, broken only by the ray of hope and consolation afforded in the promise of an ascending eternity beyond the tomb, where the tried and tested have their reward, and where we shall know each other even as we are known.

New and Stylish
FURNITURE
At prices to suit Everybody at
LITTLE'S,
Court House Block.
Elegant PARLOR SUITES,
5, 6 or 7 pieces, in Silk,
Plush, Tapestry and Fancy
Coverings.
SILK AND PLUSH EASY
CHAIRS and PATENT
ROCKERS.

RATTAN and CANE ROCKERS and LADIES' CHAIRS
BED-ROOM SETS in walnut
and other woods.

BOOK CASES, CENTRE TABLES, LADIES' WRITING DESKS, BIBLE STANDS, CHAIRS, Mattresses, Pillows, Mirrors, and other useful and ornamental goods to make homes attractive.

NOTE THIS FACT—These goods are all bought at a large discount for prompt cash, and will be sold at less prices than many dealers can afford to sell goods.

In addition I have a large assortment of

Holiday Goods

TOYS, CHINA, SILVER PLATED WARE, LAMPS, BASKETS, GLASS GOODS, and, in fact, almost everything you may need for Housekeeping, including a variety of the Best COOK STOVES and HEATERS to be found. Please call and look through the stock.

Respectfully,
Dec. 13-d&wt

**THE VERY BEST!
HAND-MADE**

Buggy Harness.

I use none but the best material, and employ only the best workmen. I use no patent Hame Ties. I make them from the VERY BEST LEATHER. Have also the best Whips to be had in the market.

J. W. TYLER,
South Side City Park.
May 16-d&wt

TO NERVOUS SUPERBES—The Great Kidney Remedy.

It is a positive cure for Spasmodic, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, or Mental Anxiety, resulting from Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side, and diseases of the Urinary Organs, Insanity, and an early grave. The Sufferer is cured and gets full particulars. Price—Special, \$1.00 per package, or six packages for \$5.00. Orders to J. E. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., No. 108 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in Decatur by Dr. A. J. Stouffer. May 25-d&wt

A Revised Criminal Code and Who Should Especially Favor It.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—In recommending a revision of our criminal code in his message to the General Assembly, Gov. Cullom makes a proposition that should receive the approval and support of every law-abiding citizen in the country. He says: "It is the duty of the law making powers to give law-abiding people more than an equal chance with law-breakers." This proposition is so reasonable that it is a disgrace to our country that room should exist for the Governor to thus expose himself. He goes on to say that at the special session of the Thirty-Second General Assembly, he recommended the appointment of a revision committee to revise the code and practice acts, and report to the present General Assembly, but that no such committee was appointed. Why was not the committee appointed? Is the Governor mistaken in saying that a revised code is needed? Is he wrong in wishing to give good law-abiding people a little advantage before the law over organized bands of outlaws, cut-throats and thieves? He does not think himself wrong, for he devotes over eighteen per cent. of his lengthy message to the question of revision. There must be strong opposition to his proposition, and it is not difficult to locate a part of it.

The strongest opposition will be found among the criminal classes themselves, and a class of shrewd attorneys who seem to take special delight in shielding their law-breaking clients from all legal punishment. To these may be added another class of attorneys, who, though never found counting the patronage of criminals, are always ready, as they should be, to take the other side; but on account of the money in the other side they will not be zealous in favoring any revision that will materially lessen the income from this other side. Then we have, in the aggregate, an army of bailiffs, janitors, professional jaymen, and hangers on about the courts, ready to oppose any revision that will lessen the expenses of criminal prosecutions, even should the revision lessen the perpetration of crime. Lastly, we have thousands of merchants, traders and mechanics in the cities and large towns whose inexcusable indifference to this subject is as reprehensible as is the desire on the part of others to have the law remain unchanged. With this opposition on the one hand and indifference on the other, Gov. Cullom's proposition will require substantial backing to get the General Assembly, largely composed of attorneys, to take hold of the matter. Where is the backing to come from? It will eventually come from the rural districts. It may not be apparent to many, on a first thought, why the letter will be more concerned about a revised criminal code than the cities and larger towns. The reason is that the rural districts are the greater sufferers by our present faulty code. Besides sharing the evils in common with others, some of its features are peculiarly obnoxious to them. Take, for instance, the law governing the qualification and manner of selecting jurors: It is always looked upon as a misfortune by the farming community to have, within the space of a week, from one to three hundred of their number summoned to court during corn-planting, or some other season equally as important, in order that twelve of them shall be chosen as jurors because of their ignorance with respect to the crime of which some prisoner is charged. But the people of the little city where the court is held do not look upon it in the same light. Many of them will rather like the idea that so large a number from the country cannot visit their city without leaving more or less money in it, however short the visit.

It will be considered a still greater injury on the part of the chosen twelve, if, as sometimes happens, they should have to remain ten or twelve days over a case that ought to be put through in three; but, as in the other instance, this calamity to the twelve is no drawback to the residents of the city, for the longer the terms of the courts the more money will be circulated and left in the city.

If the matter could be reversed a few times and the courts held in some country church ten or twelve miles away, and a few hundred of the best people of the city could be peremptorily forced to leave their trades and occupations and report to this country court, and a number of them could be detained an indefinite period as jurors and witnesses in unnecessarily protracted trials, to find in the end that their fees scarcely covered the expense of the trip and board, to say nothing of losses sustained by their absence from home, they might become less indifferent to a revised code. Furthermore: If this country court could be made a costly affair, and these city residents were required to pay three-fourths of this cost, and then had to stand by and witness only about fifteen per cent. of it returned to the city, while the

remaining eighty five per cent. was being cleverly distributed among the farmers in the neighborhood of the country church, they would likely lose all their indifference and become clamorous for a revised code.

The foregoing presents the farmer's interest in this matter in a financial point of view. To sum up: According to the views of Gov. Cullom and others, our criminal code is greatly defective. These defects render the ends of justice uncertain and greatly increased the costs of our courts. Our courts are largely sustained by general taxation. Taking the country at large, about three-fourths of this general tax is collected in the rural districts. But when it comes to dividing the money expended in carrying on the courts, about seven-ninths of it remain where the courts are held, while the fractional balance goes to those who contribute for the greatest part of the expense. The personal losses, too, and the inconveniences resulting from attending the courts as jurors or witnesses, are greater among the farming community than among residents of cities and towns.

These things are beginning to be felt in many localities of the rural districts as a serious and an unequal burden, and the time cannot be far off until an attempt will be made for relief. GRANGER.

DECATUR, Jan. 24, 1883.

Antipathy to Farm Life.

Many men and more women object to living on farms because the food offered in farm houses is not as desirable as that found on tables in cities and towns. There is no good reason why as excellent food cannot be afforded in farms as in the large towns. Most farmers would live as well and be at no more expense than at present. Most of the articles that pertain to good living are, or can be produced on farms with very little trouble or expense. The water afforded by springs and deep wells is superior to that supplied by the service pipes in the city. Fresh butter, pure milk and newly laid eggs can at all times be obtained, and these deservedly rank among the luxuries. They are articles generally hard to obtain by people in large towns, even by persons of wealth. At most times in the year there are fowls fit to be killed as occasion may require. During the spring there is veal and during the summer and fall lamb for fresh meat. If a farmer has an ice house it is comparatively easy to have a supply of fresh meat for home consumption a large portion of the time. Fresh fish are of course difficult to obtain, unless a farmer has a fish pond or lives near a river or lake. He can, however, have salt and smoked fish as often as they may be desired, to form a change in the ordinary bill of fare. As to flour and meal and all kinds of prepared grain, they are as easily and cheaply obtained in the country as in town. The like is true in relation to tea, coffee, sugar, and all other groceries. The articles above enumerated constitute nearly all the substantial things that pertain to good living.

Vermilion County Teachers.

Draville News.

The following are some of the brilliant statements made by persons last Saturday, who imagine themselves qualified to teach:

Jamestown is the Capital of Virginia.

Indianapolis is one of the largest cities in the U. S.

The Tropic of Cancer is a small circle because it goes but half way around the earth.

The frigid zone is cold because the sun does not shine but 6 months at a time.

Cooking is one of the greatest American poets.

Byron and Homer are two of the greatest American orators.

Perkins is one of the greatest American orators.

The Missouri Compromise was, that no bill should be passed only on stamped paper.

The House of Burgesses was a constitution which the colonists adopted.

Preparing for Hot Beds.

Every farmer should have a good hot bed as the first step toward a garden. The manure to be used should be new horse-manure, hauled out adjoining the site for the bed as early as the first of February, piled up in conical heaps, and entirely forked over and reheaped as often as once a week, till the first week in March, to prepare the manure for generating a slow, gentle heat when placed in the bed. A high, tight fence or building should be on the north side of the bed, and a good wind-break on the west. Cotton cloth is considered about as good as glass for covering, which should be provided in winter while people have leisure. To make the cloth transparent it should be painted with a mixture of linseed oil, one quart; white lead, one ounce; resin, melted, four ounces; apply warm.

B. & U. Buy call and Cour Styles and Prices. GREAT CHERRY. Sep 7-d&wt

The Gold Product of California.

The January Century has an illustrated paper on "Hydraulic Mining in California," by Talleen Evans, from which we quote the following figures:

"The gold product of California, from the discovery of the precious metal by James W. Marshall, in the tail-race of Sutter's Mill, Jan. 19, 1848, to June 30, 1881, amounted to \$1,170,000,000. Of this sum \$900,000,000 is estimated to have been extracted from the auriferous placers. The remainder represents the yield of gold-quartz mines, of which the State contains many. The yearly product of gold in California is from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000. From the date of discovery to 1861, inclusive, the gold product of California aggregated \$700,000,000, derived chiefly from the modern river beds and shallow placers. A large proportion of the remaining \$200,000,000 has been obtained in the deep gravel deposits by the hydraulic method. Strange as it may appear, an industry which has contributed so largely to the wealth of the world, and has been the means of the settlement and development of California, has reached a period in its history when it is claimed by a large portion of the community to be a greater evil than blessing, and the question of suppressing the hydraulic method of gold mining has been the subject of earnest discussion in and out of the halls of legislation. The law has been invoked to suppress or control it. Even the State, through its Attorney-General, has commenced a suit to suppress it. The trouble grows out of the immense amount of debris which the hydraulic miners are discharging constantly into the water-courses of the State."

The Man of Dignity.

Col. Ingersoll said at Omaha the other day that he hated a dignified man and that he never knew one who had a particle of sense; that such men never learned and were constantly forgetting something.

Josh Billings says that gravity is no more the sign of mental strength than a paper collar is the evidence of a shirt.

This leads us to say that the man who ranks as a dignified snorer and banks on winning wealth and a deathless name through this one source of strength, is in the most unenviable position of any one we know. Dignity does not draw. It answers in place of intellectual tone for twenty minutes, but after awhile it fails to get there. Dignity works all right in a wooden Indian or a drum major, but the man who desires to draw a salary through life and to be sure of a visible means of support, will do well to make some other provisions than a haughty look and the air of patronage. Col. Ingersoll may be wrong in the matter of future punishment, but his head is pretty level on the dignity question. Dignity works all right with a man who is worth a million dollars and has some doubts about his suspenders, but the man who is to get a large sum of money before he dies and get married and accomplish some good, must place himself before his fellowmen in the attitude of one who has ideas that are not too lonely and isolated.

Let us therefore aim higher than simply to appear cold and austere.—Let us study to aid in the advancement of humanity and the increase of bated information. Let us struggle to advance and improve the world, even though in doing so we may get into ungraceful positions, and at times look otherwise than pretty.—Thus we shall get over the ground, and though we may do it in the eccentric style of the camel, we will get there, as we said before, we will have camped and eaten our supper while the graceful and dignified pedestrian lingers along the trail.

Works, not good clothes and dignity, are the grand hailing sign, and he who halts and refuses to jump over an obstacle because he may not do it so as to appear as graceful as a gazelle, will not arrive until the festivities are over.—Bill Nye.

Beer and Railway Building.

The consumption of beer in the camps of the railway builders is enormous. At Bismarck I saw an entire freight train of thirty cars laden with bottled beer from a Chicago brewery, bound for the town nearest the end of the track. The chief engineer of the construction force said that an average of one bottle for every tie laid was consumed, and that the tie and the beer cost the same—fifty cents. Thus the workmen pay as much for their drink as the company for one of the important elements of railway construction.

True to her Trust.

Too much cannot be said of the ever faithful wife and mother, constantly watching and caring for her dear ones, never neglecting a single duty in their behalf. When they are assailed by disease, and the system should have a thorough cleansing, the stomach and bowels regulated, blood purified, and malarial poison exterminated, she must know that Electric Bitters are the only sure remedy. They are the best and purest medicine in the world and cost only fifty cents. Sold by Hubbard & Swearingen.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 28.—About 100 years ago the family of Blackmore leased to the United States government for ninety-nine years the ground on which the site of Washington and Georgetown are now situated. About a year ago the lease ran out, and now the heirs claim the property, which is worth untold millions. Four of the heirs live in this city, namely, Mrs. Hook and her two sons, Enos and D. A. Hook, and Robert Adams, a near relative of theirs. Miss Belle Blackmore is a resident of St. Louis. The elder Mrs. Hook has in her possession many legal papers regarding the estate.

HALIFAX, Va., Jan. 27.—Last night Mr. James Guthrie, a prosperous young farmer, was married to Miss Hilda Martin. A large company was present at the wedding, which took place at the residence of the bride's father. Owing to bad weather the guests remained at the mansion all night. This morning, when they assembled at the breakfast table it was remarked that the bride and groom were late in coming. Suddenly the shriek of a woman was heard, and the startled guests rushed into the hall, where they met the bride of a night, who cried, "my husband, oh my husband!" When she awoke this morning the young lady found her husband dead by her side. She is almost a maniac with grief. His funeral will take place to-morrow, from the house in which he was married, his four groomsmen acting as pall-bearers, and the minister who married him performing the funeral ceremony.

PANA, Ill., Jan. 28.—An eventful life closed with the death of Col. J. A. Hayward, 2:10 this afternoon, at the family residence. Col. Hayward was born at Hillsboro, Montgomery county, October 12, 1848. In 1867 he removed to Pana and engaged in the hardware trade, which he continued with success until 1870, when he entered the brokerage business and soon afterward engaged in private banking. In 1875 he retired to give attention to his farms and other business. He also took charge of the St. James Hotel, which was under his personal supervision. In 1875 he was elected colonel of the 5th Regiment National Guards, a position he filled with honor to himself and credit to the state. He was a member of the Ancient Order of Freemasons and has filled various offices in that order. Oct. 3, 1871, he was married to Flora M. Rood. This marriage was blessed with four children, three of whom are living, all girls. Col. Hayward was a kind-hearted man, full of generous impulses and ever ready to lend a helping hand.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 20.—The news was received here that Elizabeth Riley, a school-teacher of prepossessing appearance, aged 22 years, and having charge of a country school in the town of Primrose, Dane county, was Saturday morning violently assaulted by two strangers. She had gone early to the somewhat isolated school house to light the fire and sweep up, when two men whom she did not recognize because of the darkness of the room, whose windows were still covered with the shutters, entered and bound her to her desk with her shawl and hood. She was badly injured and robbed of \$5 in money, but says she was not outraged. A large posse of farmers is out looking for the miscreants.

JOLIET, Ill., January 29.—There is much suffering among the 4,000 employees of the iron and steel mills, out of work on account of closing down. The funds of the local relief board are exhausted and the destitution is increasing. It is impossible to say when the mills will resume.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—The Oklahoma colonists, who for some weeks have been engaged in the work of organization here, left for Coffeyville, Kansas, this morning, the party consisting of fifty men. They go by train to Coffeyville, the rallying point, and there will meet Capt. Payne and his party from Arkansas City, and a delegation from Rich Hill, Mo., besides individual members from other places. On Feb. 1st the organized advance is to be made from the rendezvous into the Indian Territory to the Oklahoma lands. The would-be colonists state that they do not apprehend interference on the part of the Government, but in case a military force is sent to remove them, they will retire and then return to their camping grounds as soon as the troops are withdrawn. Materials have been provided for the founding of a town to be called Boudinot City, and a press provided for the publication of a newspaper. Their hopes that the Government will not remove them are based upon the fact that it has made grants in that country to railroad corporations, and, as the present colony is larger than any that has hitherto been formed, they are sanguine of success in the enterprise.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

Full Text of the Harper Bill.

Breaking of the Deadlock in Nebraska.

A Fatal Snow Slide in Colorado.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., January 30.—The following is the text of the bill introduced in the House by Hon. W. H. Harper, of Chicago, and which appears to be favorably received. It is in the hands of the Committee on Licenses:

A Bill for an Act to Provide for the Regulating and Licensing of Saloons or other Places where Liquors are Sold.

Be it Enacted, etc.: SECTION 1.

That hereafter before any license shall be issued in this state to keep any saloon, or other place for the sale of liquors, an application for such license shall be made in writing, and filed with the authorities having power under the law to issue such license, such filing to be not less than ten days before the issuing of any license under such application. Said notice of application shall state the name, age, residence, and place of business and occupation for the two years preceding the date of the application of such applicant, together with the place proposed to be used for the sale of liquors under the license applied for, and the character of the saloon or other place proposed to be kept. And such application shall also state the names of at least two persons offered as sureties upon the bond of the proposed license, together with the residence, occupation and place of business of such sureties, and their relationship, if any, to the applicant. The authorities, or officer having charge of such applications, shall file the same for reference, and shall keep a register of such applications, which shall at all times be open to public inspection: in which register such application shall be noted immediately upon being filed, and in which shall be noted, duly, the action taken on such applications respectively.

SEC. 2. In case any license shall be granted by the lawfully authorized authorities under any application provided for in the preceding section, the minimum charge for such license shall be \$500; provided, however, that the authorities of any town, city or village, now authorized by law to grant licenses in such cases, may fix a higher license fee or charge, for such license, than that herein above named.

SEC. 3. Such lawful authorities, authorized by law to issue licenses, may hear and consider any protests or objections filed with them in writing by any person against granting any license to any person applying therefor; and such license shall only be granted when such authorities are satisfied that the applicant is of good moral character, has never been convicted of any crime, is a resident and citizen of the town, city or village where such license is proposed to be issued, and that the sureties proposed are good and sufficient. Each licensee shall, before receiving a license, execute a bond in due form of law, conditioned to reimburse any and all persons suffering any damage from any violation of the laws of this state against selling liquor to minors or drunkards, etc., which bond shall be executed by at least two sureties of good moral character and financial standing and responsibility.

SEC. 4. The trial and conviction of any licensee upon any charge of crime during the period covered by such license, shall work the immediate forfeiture of such license, and of all rights and privileges thereunder.

SEC. 5. Whenever it shall be made to satisfy the authorities that the authorities granting any license hereunder, that the saloon, or other place operated under such license, is a resort of disreputable men or women, it shall be the duty of such authorities to at once revoke such license, and thereupon and thereafter all rights and privileges under such license shall immediately cease and be determined.

SEC. 6. If any person shall engage in selling liquor in this state without a license first secured therefor, and a license fee duly paid, as hereinabove provided, such person shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not less than \$1000 or imprisonment in the County Jail for not less than sixty days, or both, in the discretion of the court before which said cause is tried.

SEC. 7. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the authorities granting such license, that there have been, by the licensee thereunder, any violation of any of the statutes of the State of Illinois regulating saloons, or of the statutes prohibiting the sale of liquors to minors, drunkards, insane persons, or others, to whom the sale of liquors is by law prohibited, it shall be the duty of such authorities immediately to revoke such license. And no license shall be

issued thereafter to such offending parties for the period of at least one year.

SEC. 8. No license shall be granted for a longer period hereunder than one year.

SEC. 9. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

LINCOLN, NEB., Jan. 30.—The nominee of the Republican caucus to-night was Gen. Chas. F. Manderson, of Omaha. The nomination was made on the fourth ballot, in which 45 votes were cast for Manderson, which, being a two-thirds majority of the caucus, he was declared nominated. The nomination was then made unanimous. The caucus was composed of 72 Republicans, a majority of votes of the joint convention. His election is, therefore, assured. General Manderson was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1837, where he received his education. In 1859 he removed to Omaha, Neb. where he has resided for thirteen years. He has there practiced his profession with success, has been for two terms President of the State Bar Association, and is one of the council of the American Bar Association. He served for five years as the City Attorney of Omaha. In 1871 and again in 1874, he was elected without opposition as a member of the Constitutional Convention held in Nebraska in those years. He is now 45 years of age, practicing law actively, and while not a politician, he has ever given to the Republican party the services of his voice and pen. Gen. Manderson is one of the brightest men in the state, is a thorough Republican and a talented gentleman. He has the united support of the Republican party of Nebraska. The mantle of Senator Saunders could not have fallen on a better or worthier man, and one who is more the choice of the people of the state than Gen. Manderson.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 30.—The Republican's Gunnison special says: Last night a snow slide started from the summit of Ruby Peak, near Irwin, traveling with fearful velocity the distance of a mile, to the bottom of the gulch, carrying with it all the shaft houses and machinery connected with the Ruby Chief and the Howard extension of the Durango & Oakes mines, and eight men. When found, Frank Roland was dead and Tom Brown and William Coleman probably fatally injured. Last Saturday J. W. Goodspeed, brother of the Chicago divine, and superintendent of the Paradise Mining Company, while crossing the mountains, near Gothic, was caught in a snow slide and hurled to the gulch below and buried at least 100 feet under the snow, where his body must remain until summer.

An immense slide in Gothic Mountain went down with such force this morning as to shake the town like an earthquake.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

COAL! COAL!

The owners will please notice that the

DECATUR COAL CO.

—WILL—

Sell Coal at their Shaft

In Decatur Ill. on and after Jan. 1st, 1883, at

\$1.75 Per Ton.

DECATUR COAL CO.

Jan. 1, 1883—adv

Executor's Notice.

Estate of THOMAS COOPER, deceased. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Thomas Cooper, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Madison county, to be held at the Court House, in the city of Decatur, on the third Monday of March, A. D. 1883, being the 12th day of that month.

Decatur, Ill., January 23, 1883.

GEO. W. COOPER,

ALFRED A. COOPER,

Executors.

Home for \$200

A comfortable little home with an acre and a half of ground, near Oakley, for sale for \$200 on easy terms. Apply to

JOHN A. BROWN,

Jan. 4, 1883—winn COURT HOUSE BLDG.

PALACE HOTEL,

N. LAUX, Proprietor,

South Main St., corner of Wood, Decatur, Ill.

Feb. 2, 1883—adv

Farms for Sale!

Is desirous of selling a

PORTION of HIS FARMING LAND

situated in Macon county, near Dalton and Hervey City. For particulars inquire of

GEO. W. BRIGHT,

DECATUR NATIONAL BANK, or O. L. KENDALL, Dalton City, who will show parties the land.

May 12, 1882—adv

FARMERS' COLUMN.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public sale at my residence, one and a half miles south and one and a quarter miles west of Decatur, on what is known as the Ham farm, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6th, 1883, the following property: Four horses, 2 colts, 2 cows, 1 two-year old heifer, 2 calves, 1 wagon, spring wagon, plow, hay rake, hay ladder, corn planter and check-rower, harrow, two cultivators, Cahill riding plow, 3 breaking plows, 3 pairs double-tree, beating stove, cook stove, churn, and many other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms—A credit of 3 months will be given on all items of \$5 and over, the purchaser giving note with approved security, under \$500, cash. Jan. 25—winn

FARMERS and others desiring a general, in-creative business, by which \$5 to \$20 a day can be earned, send direct to J. H. WILKINS & CO., 135 and 137 Fulton Street, New York.

decatur

ILLINOIS FARMS.

Good Rolling Prairie.

Well Improved.

For Sale Cheap.

I have forty good farms of 80, 120, 140, 160, 200, up to 400 acres each, in Ironquois and Kane counties, some adjoining the towns of Champaign, Otto and Va. drom, others are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 miles from Champaign, Clinton, Otto, Waldron, Herscher, Cullery and within 10 miles of Kansas City, Mo., Illinois. Prices range from \$30 to \$40 per acre, according to location and improvements. Terms—One-third cash down or thereafter; balance on long time, at 10 percent discount on cash price. Buy your farms near good markets, schools and churches, in preference to going West. \$40 per acre buys a choice farm.

LEMUEL MILK,

Oct. 19—winn

Farm Wanted.

WANTED, by a man of experience, a farm of from one to two hundred acres to work on share, owner to furnish all necessary horse feed and tools—a man that is willing to do justice by an honest, industrious man. Please answer as soon as possible. Good references. Direct to box 231, Blue Mound, Ill.

BULLS FOR SALE—Two thoroughbred yearling Short Horn Bulls at reasonable prices.

Aug. 2—adv

L. P. GRAHAM, Solicitor of Patents, Decatur, Ill., Office over "Cheap Charley's."

No model required; only \$20 expense in case of failure. (Jan. 14—w)

FOR SALE.

In order to change my business I will sell my stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS at a bargain. Amount of stock, about \$7500. See advertisement in case of failure. (Jan. 14—w)

O. H. SCHEIDT, Decatur, Illinois.

RADCLIFF & BULLARD,

Successors to E. S. AUGUST & CO.

—WILL—

UNDERTAKERS!

And dealers in all kinds of

Wood, Metallic Coffins and Caskets.

Prices ranging from the cheapest to the most expensive. Also

FULL CLOTH COVERED CAS-

KETS OF SOLID WALNUT.

For the use of the small white Hearse in the city, only \$50.00. We have a new casket, and to be fully convinced, is to give us a call.

Stand—Southwest Corner Old Square, Decatur, Illinois.

SHOT GUNS

—AND—

RIFLES!

—WILL—

JUST RECEIVED

Another Large Stock of

B. ECH AND MUZZLE LOADING

Shot Guns and Rifles.

I will continue to sell the REMINGTON DOUBLE-BARRELED BREECH-LOADING

SHOT GUNS

at prices that will save you from 25 to 50 per cent. over any other house in the west, and the

Single Barrel Breech-Load-

ing Shot Gun at \$4 Each.

Call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

H. MUELLER,

The old, reliable Gunsmith, established in 1838

Cor. East Main and State Sts.

Dec. 14—winn

FOR SALE.

A good paying Blacksmith Shop, in a good town on the Wabash R. R., and three good sets of tools fitted for grinding and polishing. Every wheel, grindstone and drill run by steam. A good trade; no opposition. Reason for selling ill health. Address

Jan. 11—winn

Sadorus, Champaign Co., Ill.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

In the Estate of JAMES MOON, deceased.

BY virtue of a decretal order of the County Court of Macon county, Illinois, entered of record on the fifth day of January, 1883, I will sell at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, on the tenth (10th) day of February, A. D. 1883, at the hour of one o'clock P. M., of said day, at the west entrance to the Court House, in the city of Decatur, the real estate of James and State of Illinois, the following described real estate of said deceased, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section ten, township seventeen north, range three east of the third principal meridian, in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of the estate of said deceased.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash in hand, one-third in six months, and one-third in twelve months, each of the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, the purchaser to give a mortgage on the premises with approved persons as security, but the purchaser may have the privilege of paying either or both said deferred payments at once.

ROBERT M. MACHAN,

Administrator of the estate of James Moon.

Decatur, Illinois, Jan. 8th, 1883.

Jan. 11—winn



THE

Annual Clearing Out Sale

HAS BEGUN NOW,

And will last until the Arrival of

Our Spring Stock.

THIS MEANS

BARGAINS!

—WITH—

"Cheap Charley."

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH, Manufacturers of Clothing.

KAUFMANN & BACHRACH

MIN'S AND BOYS

Clothing

Goods for Men's Wear.

Not wealth, nor birth, nor rank nor title, But GET RIGHT UP AND GET that makes men great.

DECATUR, Factory—Chicago, Ill.

—WILL—

DO YOU WANT

To see your mother-in-law laugh once more? Nothing easier in the world. Bring her down and let us price our CLOAKS to her. Even if she don't want to buy she "will be tickled." Try it.

It will please anybody to see a \$7 DOLMAN for \$3.50, or a \$12 one for \$6, or a \$4 CLOAK for \$2, or an \$8 one for \$1. We did not mark them up either so that we could get about cost for them. The original price is still marked on them in figures and just what we sold them for.

We have got a handsome stock of EMBROIDERY, and got in a dozen pieces IRISH POINT to-day; they are pretty; you can make your own Collars and Cuffs with them if you wish, and that reminds us that we show you some very pretty Irish Point Collars and Cuffs, and a nice line of Linen Collars. They came in this morning—some of the new kinds, you know. We have received a great many new goods lately and would like to have you come and see them.

What size CORSET did you say you wore? Well, we can't fit you then in the job lot, but if you were large enough for size 24 to 30 you could get

A BARGAIN.

We are closing an assorted lot of those sizes at 50 cents that are reduced from \$1.00, \$1.75, \$2.50 and \$2.75.

On the same table are 30, 35, 40, 50 and 60 cent LINED GLOVES, all reduced to 25 cents. They are splendid for this weather, and awful cheap.

Yours Truly,

F. L. HAYS & CO.

Jan. 28—adv

A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES.

For Old and Young, Male and Female.

MAGNETIC MEDICINE: A

BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD: For

Exhaustion, Debility, Loss of

Strength, Nervous Prostration, Impotency,

(Before) rheum, Barrenness; and for all (After) Weaknesses of the Generative Organs in either sex it is an UNFAILING AND POSITIVE CURE. Tones up the debilitated system, arrests all involuntary discharges, removes mental gloom and despondency, and restores wonderful power to the weakest eyes.

With each order for twelve packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our GUARANTEE to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the Cheapest and Best Medicine in the market. Full particulars in Pamphlet, which we mail free to any address. Sold by all druggists, one package 50 cents; six packages for \$2.50, sent by mail on receipt of price, by addressing the MCGUIRE MEDICINE CO., Detroit, Mich. Guarantee issued in Decatur, Ill.

DR. J. A. STOWEN,

No. 14, South Side of Park.

Jan. 1883—adv

320 ACRES FREE

IN THE

Devils' Lake, Turtle Mountain

And Mouse River Country,

NORTH DAKOTA,

Tributary to the United States Land Office at

GRAND FORKS, DAKOTA.

SECTIONAL MAP and FULL particulars mailed FREE to any address by

H. O. DAVIS,

Assistant General Passenger Agent,

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & MANITOBA R. R.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Jan. 18—winn

VOL. 10

AND

We are ready to receive orders for the entire

LOCAL

TEN men

telegraph

PURCHASE

robes at J

There are

county jail

up the road

Loose hay

\$10 per ton.

FOUND—A

at this office.

The Wab

tor with a c

grain, at De

BARGAINS

lapprobes at J

park.

The Wab

was destroye

baggage lost

It doesn't

railway comp

ing.

Stor at Po

for fresh co

good supply

See Piper

tographs of

secured dizi

beautiful su

The broke

ent down c

one comfort

and by.

A DECATU

field young

city circles

within two

The preb

Frank Shaf

will be had

15th, at 9 c

The exam

all got emb

he had beto

any next.

Perceive

per cars ar

males an

ident of 500

make a pp

En. Corn

north of th

only the m

engaged in

he shipped

There h

received in

there is no

coming fro

least a we

until new

ice melts a

MANAGER

change, say

engo this m

been order

Nearly the

built, but n

now poles

The hors